



BIBLE

Placement Test

► **700 – 1200**

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Bible 700 – 1200

Placement Tests

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PLACEMENT TEST for the LIFE PAC CURRICULUM

Bible 700 - 1200

Instructions

This test is designed to aid the teacher or parent in proper placement of the student into the LIFE PAC curriculum. It has two sections: the Student Test and the Answer Key. The Answer Key follows the Student Test.

This is not a timed test and the student should be given an opportunity to answer each question adequately. If the student becomes bogged down and the test seems too difficult, skip to the next section. If the test is still too difficult, this child's academic skill level has been reached and testing may stop. Each test level should take no longer than one hour.

Testing should begin approximately two grade levels below the student's current or just completed grade level. For example, a student entering tenth grade [1000] should begin testing at the eighth grade [800] level. This allows for proper grade level placement as well as identification of any learning gaps that the student may have.

Once the test has been administered, it is ready to be scored. The teacher or parent does all of the scoring. **Each section has 10 numbered questions. Each numbered question equals one point.** Use the Answer Key to mark all incorrect answers on the Student Test. Next, record the total number of **correct** answers in the box beneath the LIFE PAC number in the right hand column. **When all tests have been graded, transfer the number correct by LIFE PAC to the Student Placement Worksheet on the back page of the Answer Keys.** Then add the total number of points per grade level.

Test	Level	Test	Level
701 - 710	7	1001 - 1010	10
801 - 810	8	1101 - 1110	11
901 - 910	9	1201 - 1210	12

1. The most common Old Testament word(s) used for *worship* is to _____.
 - a. *serve*
 - b. *adore*
 - c. *bow down*
 - d. *sacrifice*
2. The early Christians worshiped God in the _____.
 - a. Temple
 - b. church
 - c. synagogue
 - d. a, b, and c
3. True worship involves worshiping God the _____.
 - a. Father
 - b. Son
 - c. Holy Spirit
 - d. truth
4. The way to approach the true God in worship is through _____.
 - a. prayer
 - b. Jesus
 - c. kneeling
 - d. sacrifice
5. A person who worships God outwardly but who inwardly has no love for God is a(n) _____.
 - a. hypocrite
 - b. idolater
 - c. pagan
 - d. atheist
6. Going through the motions of worship when your heart is not in it is called _____.
 - a. idolatry
 - b. hypocrisy
 - c. formalism
 - d. atheism
7. We should worship God because He is _____.
 - a. a jealous God
 - b. a vengeful God
 - c. the Creator
 - d. the Father of Jesus
8. Our worship of God is recognition of His _____.
 - a. origin
 - b. universe
 - c. terror
 - d. worth
9. The Scriptures teach that Christians are not to _____.
 - a. worship on Saturday
 - b. pray quietly
 - c. forsake coming together
 - d. bear another's burdens
10. The worship of God brings _____.
 - a. fullness of joy
 - b. salvation
 - c. unification
 - d. repentance

- 1a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 2a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 3a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
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- 4a. ☐
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- 5a. ☐
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- 6a. ☐
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- 7a. ☐
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- 8a. ☐
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- d. ☐
- 9a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 10a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐

1. The method God used to bring man into existence was _____.
 - a. mutation
 - b. evolution
 - c. Creation
 - d. spontaneous
2. The first aspect of man to come into existence was his _____.
 - a. soul
 - b. body
 - c. spirit
 - d. mind
3. As shown by Jesus Christ, man is to worship God and to _____.
 - a. offer sacrifices
 - b. preach
 - c. serve Him
 - d. learn about God
4. Man bears the image of _____.
 - a. God
 - b. man
 - c. woman
 - d. earth
5. The first human to sin was _____.
 - a. Adam
 - b. Eve
 - c. Cain
 - d. Satan
6. The one who is responsible for sin in a person's life is _____.
 - a. Adam
 - b. the person himself
 - c. no one
 - d. Cain
7. A person can experience forgiveness of sins through _____.
 - a. penance
 - b. self-sacrifice
 - c. meritorious service
 - d. Christ's sacrifice
8. The word used to refer to God buying man back from sin is _____.
 - a. propitiation
 - b. impute
 - c. redeem
 - d. sacrifice
9. Christians are known by their _____.
 - a. church
 - b. love
 - c. dress
 - d. speech
10. Man is required to do justly, to love kindness, and to _____.
 - a. go to church
 - b. be poor
 - c. walk humbly with God
 - d. show good leadership

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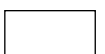
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1. Because man is sinful and needs help, God extends His _____.
 - a. love
 - b. mercy
 - c. grace
 - d. justice
2. God's nature can be defined as _____.
 - a. love
 - b. mercy
 - c. grace
 - d. justice
3. God expresses His love by _____.
 - a. making the world
 - b. making man
 - c. giving His Son
 - d. giving the Bible
4. God shows mercy by _____.
 - a. forfeiting love
 - b. feeling sorrow
 - c. forgetting justice
 - d. forgiving sinners
5. God's love for you _____.
 - a. depends on your behavior
 - b. can cease
 - c. never changes
 - d. is variable
6. We love God because He _____.
 - a. blesses us
 - b. is so good
 - c. loved us first
 - d. does not change
7. When Jesus took the punishment of sin, God was showing His _____.
 - a. anger
 - b. mercy
 - c. justice
 - d. eternity
8. God shows His mercy by sending rain on _____.
 - a. the just and the unjust
 - b. the desert
 - c. His children
 - d. watersheds
9. God's grace is _____.
 - a. expensive
 - b. earned
 - c. free
 - d. unnecessary
10. The word *grace* means _____.
 - a. *generous favor*
 - b. *unmerited favor*
 - c. *merited favor*
 - d. *limited favor*

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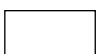
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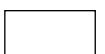
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1. The first prophecy of the coming Messiah refers to Him as the _____.
 - a. Messiah 1a. ☐
 - b. Branch b. ☐
 - c. Tree of Life c. ☐
 - d. seed of the woman d. ☐
2. The Messiah would give light because He was the star of _____.
 - a. heaven 2a. ☐
 - b. Jacob b. ☐
 - c. Adam c. ☐
 - d. God d. ☐
3. The primary purpose of Christ's first Advent was to _____.
 - a. be a good example 3a. ☐
 - b. make disciples b. ☐
 - c. teach people about God c. ☐
 - d. be a sacrifice for sin d. ☐
4. Something that was like Jesus that the Israelites looked to for healing was _____.
 - a. Moses' rod 4a. ☐
 - b. Aaron's breastplate b. ☐
 - c. the Tabernacle c. ☐
 - d. a brass serpent d. ☐
5. As a King and as a Refuge, Jesus fulfills the office of _____.
 - a. Priest 5a. ☐
 - b. Servant b. ☐
 - c. Prophet c. ☐
 - d. Lamb d. ☐
6. The length of time that Jesus would be in the grave was fore-told in the book of _____.
 - a. Numbers 6a. ☐
 - b. Malachi b. ☐
 - c. Jonah c. ☐
 - d. Revelation d. ☐
7. Jesus' prophesied Resurrection was fulfilled according to _____.
 - a. Matthew 5:1 7a. ☐
 - b. Matthew 16:7 b. ☐
 - c. Matthew 1:18 c. ☐
 - d. Matthew 28:6 d. ☐
8. Jesus called the cup at the Last Supper His blood of the _____.
 - a. grape 8a. ☐
 - b. marriage wine b. ☐
 - c. New Testament c. ☐
 - d. Resurrection d. ☐
9. The historical evidence of the authenticity of Biblical prophecy is _____.
 - a. its fulfillment 9a. ☐
 - b. its author b. ☐
 - c. earlier prophecies c. ☐
 - d. earlier history d. ☐
10. Prophecy is a declaration of knowledge that belongs exclusively to _____.
 - a. Israel 10a. ☐
 - b. God b. ☐
 - c. the prophet c. ☐
 - d. mankind d. ☐



1. The person who has only natural, human life is motivated _____.
 - a. to do good
 - b. to please God
 - c. by the Bible
 - d. by the sin nature
2. A person becomes spiritually alive when he _____.
 - a. is born
 - b. trusts Christ
 - c. dies
 - d. learns of God
3. Although morality is important, it should never be _____.
 - a. our standard for pleasing God
 - b. a part of our lives
 - c. used in the world
 - d. used by Christians
4. The sinner can be deceived into thinking his sins _____.
 - a. can be forgiven
 - b. are known by God
 - c. are too great
 - d. will be judged
5. The way to be forgiven of our sins is to _____.
 - a. protect them
 - b. hide them
 - c. forget them
 - d. confess them
6. In Matthew 4:4 Jesus said that God's Word is as important as _____.
 - a. meat
 - b. bread
 - c. water
 - d. gold
7. As God's children we should _____.
 - a. please ourselves
 - b. always feel guilty
 - c. love the world
 - d. imitate Christ
8. The goal for the Christian is that He _____.
 - a. win the world for Christ
 - b. mature in Christ
 - c. eat the milk of the Word
 - d. become a Jew
9. God's desire is for the Christian to do all things _____.
 - a. unto the Lord
 - b. before Christ's return
 - c. with other Christians
 - d. with solemnity
10. Faith, meekness, and temperance are items of the fruit of the Spirit directed toward _____.
 - a. God
 - b. parents
 - c. self
 - d. others

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1. The Hebrew title of the Psalms is *tehillim* and means _____.
 - a. *song*
 - b. *praise*
 - c. *poetry*
 - d. *noise*
2. The book of Psalms contains Psalms written by at least _____.
 - a. twenty-three men
 - b. four Egyptians
 - c. five women
 - d. seven men
3. The Psalms comment on almost every area of _____.
 - a. devotion
 - b. theology
 - c. history
 - d. ethics
4. For over two thousand years, Psalm 92 has been read on every Jewish _____ day.
 - a. Sabbath
 - b. festival
 - c. fast
 - d. harvest
5. English poetry rhymes *sounds*, but hebrew poetry rhymes _____.
 - a. letters
 - b. lines
 - c. ideas
 - d. words
6. "They are brought down and fallen: but we are risen, and stand upright" is an example of _____ parallelism.
 - a. synthetic
 - b. antithetical
 - c. synonymous
 - d. emblematic
7. The pattern to guide the singing of some psalms cannot be determined because of the structure of _____.
 - a. the stringed instruments
 - b. the book of Psalms
 - c. Hebrew poetry
 - d. the Hebrew language
8. The word *psalm* refers to _____.
 - a. a title of a poem
 - b. a stringed instrument
 - c. a song sung with instruments
 - d. pattern or meter
9. The author of Psalm 100 is _____.
 - a. David
 - b. Solomon
 - c. Asaph
 - d. unknown
10. The major theological theme of Psalm 100 concerns man's relationship with _____.
 - a. man
 - b. God
 - c. the world
 - d. the Bible

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c. ☐

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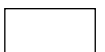
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1. The person who did not know before His birth that Jesus was the Messiah was _____.
 - a. Gabriel
 - b. Elisabeth
 - c. Anna
 - d. Mary
2. Jesus grew up in the city of _____.
 - a. Nazareth
 - b. Jerusalem
 - c. Bethlehem
 - d. Galilee
3. Jesus was baptized as a sign of His _____.
 - a. repentance
 - b. priesthood
 - c. mission to man
 - d. submission to God
4. Satan tempted Jesus in _____.
 - a. the garden of Gethseurane
 - b. three areas of life
 - c. the Tabernacle
 - d. nine points of theology
5. The disciples became Apostles after they were _____.
 - a. dead
 - b. baptized
 - c. commissioned
 - d. called
6. All of the disciples were from Galilee except _____.
 - a. Judas
 - b. Simon
 - c. Thaddeaus
 - d. Bartholomew
7. Jesus told Nicodemus that he had to be born of water and of the _____.
 - a. flesh
 - b. Spirit
 - c. Law
 - d. Gospel
8. The Samaritan woman gave evidence of being very _____.
 - a. intelligent
 - b. thirsty
 - c. religious
 - d. righteous
9. In His sermon in Jerusalem, Jesus said that John, God, and the Scriptures _____.
 - a. strengthened Him
 - b. bore witness of Him
 - c. were eternal.
 - d. were holy
10. In His Sermon on the mount, Jesus stressed the inner spirit of _____.
 - a. the Law
 - b. man
 - c. God
 - d. the Scriptures

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1. Jesus' miracles revealed His _____.
 - a. power
 - b. authority
 - c. compassion
 - d. a, b, and c
2. The feeding of the five thousand illustrated that Jesus is _____.
 - a. the Messiah
 - b. compassionate
 - c. the Bread of Life
 - d. a servant of man
3. One of the main reasons Jesus began to use parables was _____.
 - a. to make His message clear
 - b. the peoples' disbelief
 - c. to extend His ministry
 - d. the clarity of parables
4. Parables required the listener to _____.
 - a. study the Scriptures
 - b. forget the truth
 - c. ask their meaning
 - d. interpret their meaning
5. Jesus taught divine truth to His disciples by almost _____.
 - a. one-third
 - b. all
 - c. one-half
 - d. three-fourth
6. Jesus prepared His disciples for ministry by sending them _____.
 - a. out to fish
 - b. to the desert
 - c. to the school of the prophets
 - d. to preach and to heal
7. The two men who appeared at Jesus' Transfiguration were _____.
 - a. Moses and Elisha
 - b. Moses and Elijah
 - c. Moses and Adam
 - d. Elisha and David
8. The disciples who witnessed the Transfiguration were _____.
 - a. John, Thomas, and James
 - b. James, Judas, and Simon
 - c. Peter, James, and John
 - d. Judas, John, and James
9. Jesus' later Judean ministry could be called a ministry of _____.
 - a. miracles
 - b. conflict
 - c. destruction
 - d. cleansing
10. In Perea Jesus healed a blind man named _____.
 - a. Lazarus
 - b. Bartimaeus
 - c. Zacchaeus
 - d. Barjesus

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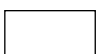
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1. To the shouts of "Hosanna," Jesus entered _____.
 - a. Jerusalem
 - b. Nazareth
 - c. Bethlehem
 - d. Capernaum
2. Jesus said that the Temple should not be a den of thieves but a house of _____.
 - a. sacrifice
 - b. singing
 - c. prayer
 - d. learning
3. The last Jewish feast that Jesus shared with His disciples was the feast of _____.
 - a. first fruits
 - b. Trumpets
 - c. Passover
 - d. Tabernacles
4. After the Last Supper, Jesus _____.
 - a. left the disciples
 - b. washed the disciples' feet
 - c. fell asleep
 - d. walked with His disciples
5. Before His Crucifixion, Jesus endured _____ trials.
 - a. three
 - b. four
 - c. five
 - d. six
6. Pilate finally determined that Jesus was _____.
 - a. blasphemy
 - b. lying
 - c. treason
 - d. insanity
7. Golgotha is also known as the place of _____.
 - a. death
 - b. a skull
 - c. judgment
 - d. the Cross
8. When Jesus died, there occurred a great _____.
 - a. noise
 - b. light
 - c. earthquake
 - d. flood
9. Jesus had to rise from the dead because He _____.
 - a. is God
 - b. loved His disciples
 - c. had more to teach
 - d. sent the Spirit
10. Through the Ascension, Jesus has become the believer's _____.
 - a. sacrifice
 - b. teacher
 - c. brother
 - d. mediator

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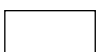
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1. Because man is guilty, God extends His _____.
 - a. love
 - b. mercy
 - c. grace
 - d. justice
2. Grace and truth came to man by _____.
 - a. Jesus Christ
 - b. Moses
 - c. the Bible
 - d. Creation
3. Isaiah 7:14 says that the Messiah would be born _____.
 - a. in a manger
 - b. in Bethlehem
 - c. of a virgin
 - d. in Israel
4. The office of Christ associated with suffering and death is that of _____.
 - a. Prophet
 - b. King
 - c. Redeemer
 - d. Priest
5. According to Matthew 26:39, Jesus was in submission to _____.
 - a. His own will
 - b. His Father's will
 - c. the laws of Rome
 - d. there laws of Israel
6. One of the trends of the natural, human life is _____.
 - a. doing good
 - b. loving justice
 - c. doing evil
 - d. being kind
7. Satan tries to make people think that they do not need _____.
 - a. Christ's death
 - b. are known by God
 - c. are too great
 - d. religion
8. Satan tempted Christ to try to keep Him _____.
 - a. true to God's purpose
 - b. away from Jerusalem
 - c. hungry and thirsty
 - d. from going to the Cross
- 9.. Jesus' first miracle was done in the city of _____.
 - a. Nazareth
 - b. Cana
 - c. Jerusalem
 - d. Capernaum
10. When Jesus raised the widow's son, John recognized that He was _____.
 - a. a man of God
 - b. a healer
 - c. compassion
 - d. a, b, and c

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1. Acknowledging God as our Father encourages us _____.
 - a. not to pray
 - b. to expect what we want
 - c. not to worry
 - d. not to expect anything
2. The Lords Prayer teaches us about _____.
 - a. ourselves
 - b. prayer
 - c. Jesus
 - d. trust
3. The Lord's Prayer consists of an invocation, a conclusion, and _____.
 - a. seven petitions
 - b. three requests
 - c. five discourses
 - d. nine prayers
4. The last request in the Lord's Prayer is _____.
 - a. even so come, Lord Jesus
 - b. lead us not into temptation
 - c. hallowed be thy name
 - d. forgive us our debts
5. The Old Testament includes _____.
 - a. a model prayer
 - b. only private prayers
 - c. private and public prayers
 - d. only public prayers
6. In the Biblical record the posture used least while praying is _____.
 - a. lying down
 - b. kneeling
 - c. sitting
 - d. standing
7. When we become aware of God's holiness, we also become aware of our _____.
 - a. sinfulness
 - b. holiness
 - c. faith
 - d. worship
8. Because salvation has been extended to the Gentiles, they should be _____.
 - a. proud
 - b. continually thankful
 - c. Jewish in life style
 - d. self-centered
9. According to Matthew 6:8, God knows what things we have need of _____.
 - a. when we ask
 - b. before we ask
 - c. after we ask
 - d. after He asks
10. If we regard iniquity in our hearts when we pray, the Lord will _____.
 - a. answer us slowly
 - b. not be concerned
 - c. answer us quickly
 - d. not hear us

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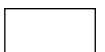
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1. Sin is a lack of conformity to _____.
 - a. God's moral law
 - b. natural law
 - c. God's ceremonial law
 - d. international law
2. The inward thought of hatred is the same as the outward act of _____.
 - a. prejudice
 - b. murder
 - c. stealing
 - d. adultery
3. We are sinners because _____.
 - a. we sin
 - b. Satan tempted Eve
 - c. Adam sinned
 - d. Christ died
4. Jesus said (John 8:34), ".....Whosoever committeth sin is the servant of _____."
 - a. sin
 - b. Satan
 - c. self
 - d. death
5. As our Priest, Christ provides intercession and _____.
 - a. atonement
 - b. the kingdom
 - c. revelation
 - d. prophecies
6. *Conversion* means _____.
 - a. *regeneration*
 - b. *to be born again*
 - c. *a change of mind*
 - d. *a change in direction*
7. Salvation comes only through _____.
 - a. faith in Christ
 - b. repentance
 - c. conviction
 - d. keeping the Law
8. Repentance is a change of _____.
 - a. direction
 - b. activity
 - c. mind
 - d. clothing
9. Bible reading, praying, worshiping, and witnessing are ways of _____.
 - a. attaining salvation
 - b. knowing God
 - c. growing in grace
 - d. making friends
10. Christians must keep themselves _____.
 - a. from Satan
 - b. from sin
 - c. saved
 - d. from temptation

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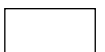
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1. God demonstrates His justice by _____.
 - a. hearing our prayers
 - b. being merciful to us
 - c. saving sinners
 - d. judging righteously
2. The first instance of God's justice applied to man concerned _____.
 - a. Adam and Eve
 - b. Abraham
 - c. Sodom and Gomorrah
 - d. Egypt
3. God's immutability causes Christians to be _____.
 - a. encouraged in prayer
 - b. healed in sickness
 - c. broken in spirit
 - d. overlooked
4. The immutability of God gives Christians a sense of _____.
 - a. dread
 - b. fear
 - c. assurance
 - d. nourished in body
5. God's existence is outside of our _____.
 - a. universe
 - b. concept of time
 - c. bodies
 - d. comprehension
6. The Word of God (the Son) existed with God _____.
 - a. before Creation
 - b. after Creation
 - c. after the Resurrection
 - d. before the Transformation
7. God demonstrates His love to all men today by sending _____.
 - a. His Son
 - b. His angels
 - c. the Spirit
 - d. the rain
8. The greatest love ever shown was _____.
 - a. Adam's love for Eve
 - b. Christ dying for sinners
 - c. first-century Christian love
 - d. Jesus' love for John
9. Our love for God is revealed by our _____.
 - a. love for Jesus
 - b. testimony
 - c. love for our brother
 - d. good works
10. The type of love that Christians should show toward one another is presented in _____.
 - a. John chapter 15
 - b. Matthew chapter 1
 - c. 1 Corinthians chapter 13
 - d. 3 John chapter 2

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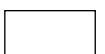
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1. The bishop of Rome (92 to 101) who wrote *Epistle to the Corinthians* was _____.
 - a. Ignatius
 - b. Clement
 - c. Peter
 - d. Paul
2. The church fathers saw no distinction between the authority of _____.
 - a. the Bible and the church
 - b. the Old and New Testaments
 - c. the Spirit and the pastors
 - d. Peter and Nero
3. Apologist were men who wrote to _____.
 - a. defend the Faith
 - b. condemn Rome
 - c. Apollos
 - d. all the churches
4. The father of systematic theology was _____.
 - a. Paul
 - b. Tertullian
 - c. Athanasius
 - d. Ireneaus
5. The first person who can accurately be given the title *pope* was _____.
 - a. Urban II
 - b. Boniface
 - c. Gregory
 - d. Charlemagne
6. Efforts by the Roman Church to free the Holy Land from Muslim control were called _____.
 - a. wars
 - b. missionary journeys
 - c. liberation movements
 - d. crusades
7. Zwingli, a Catholic priest, said that the sole authority for Christians was the _____.
 - a. Bible
 - b. pope
 - c. Roman church
 - d. Holy Spirit
8. The author of *The Institutes of Christian religion* was _____.
 - a. Zwingli
 - b. Huss
 - c. Luther
 - d. Calvin
9. The Reformation in England began in the year _____.
 - a. 1517
 - b. 1096
 - c. 1610
 - d. 1534
10. The person responsible for translating the Bible for English speakers was _____.
 - a. Luther
 - b. Tyndale
 - c. Tudor
 - d. Calvin

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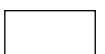
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1. Jesus was born during the reign of the first Roman emperor, _____.
 - a. Tiberius
 - b. Nero
 - c. Pilate
 - d. Augustus
2. The civilizing force of Rome was the _____.
 - a. army
 - b. consul
 - c. senate
 - d. equites
3. After the death of David's son, Solomon, the kingdom of Israel _____.
 - a. ceased to exist
 - b. was never independent
 - c. was divided
 - d. grew
4. After the Babylonian Exile, the center of Jewish worship was the _____.
 - a. Tabernacle
 - b. synagogue
 - c. home
 - d. church
5. The disciple chosen to replace Judas as one of the Twelve was _____.
 - a. Matthias
 - b. Joseph
 - c. Barsabas
 - d. Justus
6. After the disciples were filled with the Holy Spirit on the day of Pentecost, they spoke of the _____.
 - a. Gospel message
 - b. need for repentance
 - c. death of Christ
 - d. wonderful works of God
7. The Christians in the Jerusalem church _____.
 - a. stayed in Jerusalem
 - b. lived in harmony
 - c. shared all things
 - d. were led by Paul
8. The first Jerusalem deacon to be martyred was _____.
 - a. Philip
 - b. Stephen
 - c. Nicanor
 - d. Timon
9. Philip was instrumental in the conversion of many _____.
 - a. eunuchs
 - b. Gentiles
 - c. Samaritans
 - d. Jews
10. The Apostle who first went to the Gentiles with the message of Christ was _____.
 - a. Paul
 - b. Philip
 - c. Peter
 - d. Barnabas

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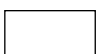
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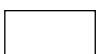
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1. The first stop on Paul's first missionary journey was _____.
 - a. Cyprus 1a. ☐
 - b. Crete b. ☐
 - c. Ephesus c. ☐
 - d. Perga d. ☐
2. Paul was stoned and left for dead at _____.
 - a. Perga 2a. ☐
 - b. Antioch of Pisidia b. ☐
 - c. Derbe c. ☐
 - d. Lystra d. ☐
3. The principal city of Macedonia where Paul and Silas were imprisoned was _____.
 - a. Thessalonica 3a. ☐
 - b. Athens b. ☐
 - c. Corinth c. ☐
 - d. Philippi d. ☐
4. On his second missionary journey Paul stayed a year and a half in _____.
 - a. jail 4a. ☐
 - b. Athens b. ☐
 - c. Corinth c. ☐
 - d. Ephesus d. ☐
5. On his way to Rome, Paul stayed almost two years in _____.
 - a. jail 5a. ☐
 - b. the ship b. ☐
 - c. Melita c. ☐
 - d. Crete d. ☐
6. Paul lived in Rome in a _____.
 - a. jail 6a. ☐
 - b. palace b. ☐
 - c. rented house c. ☐
 - d. synagogue d. ☐
7. The person whom Paul left in Ephesus to help to establish that church was _____.
 - a. Titus 7a. ☐
 - b. Timothy b. ☐
 - c. Silas c. ☐
 - d. Barnabas d. ☐
8. The Ephesians church was greatly disrupted by _____.
 - a. Demas and Alexander 8a. ☐
 - b. Demas and Candia b. ☐
 - c. Hymenaeus and Demas c. ☐
 - d. Hymenaeus and Alexander d. ☐
9. Provincial governors were ordered to persecute Christians by the Roman emperor _____.
 - a. Nero 9a. ☐
 - b. Trojan b. ☐
 - c. Julius Caesar c. ☐
 - d. Augustus d. ☐
10. The early Christian churches met to worship in _____.
 - a. synagogues 10a. ☐
 - b. the city streets b. ☐
 - c. homes c. ☐
 - d. the Temple d. ☐



1. Numerical proverbs state a number in the first line and increase it in the second line by _____.
 - a. one
 - b. two
 - c. three
 - d. nothing
2. The word *mashal* (proverb) literally means _____.
 - a. *to rule*
 - b. *an example*
 - c. *to be like*
 - d. *a lesson*
3. The first section of the three sections of Proverbs can be entitled Solomon's _____.
 - a. first collection of proverbs
 - b. second collection of proverbs
 - c. proverbial poems
 - d. collection of poems
4. Solomon had all of these objectives in his proverbs except _____.
 - a. to know wisdom
 - b. to know poetry
 - c. to give to the simple
 - d. to know instruction
5. The New Testament quotes Proverbs _____.
 - a. seventeen times
 - b. only once
 - c. seven times
 - d. four times
6. Compared with lessons in Proverbs, some New Testament teachings are _____.
 - a. contradictory
 - b. parallel
 - c. more acceptable
 - d. more inspired
7. The book of James is sometimes called the New Testament _____.
 - a. Proverbs
 - b. book of life
 - c. wisdom book
 - d. summarized
8. Proverbs and James both deal with _____.
 - a. temper
 - b. prophecy
 - c. worship
 - d. inheritance
9. The key phrase in Proverbs is _____.
 - a. the beginning of wisdom
 - b. depart from foolishness
 - c. to know wisdom
 - d. fear of the Lord
10. The proverbs restated word for word include all of the topics except _____.
 - a. youth
 - b. religious
 - c. gossip
 - d. married

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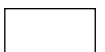
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1. The Bible gives answers to life's dilemmas through all of these except _____.
 - a. positive commands
 - b. neutral commands
 - c. negative commands
 - d. guiding principles
2. Christians should follow behavior that causes another Christian to be _____.
 - a. edified
 - b. persuaded
 - c. judged
 - d. imitated
3. A drug is a substance that affects the body's _____.
 - a. physical coordination
 - b. nervous system
 - c. sinful acts
 - d. Creation
4. Many young people take illegal drugs to _____.
 - a. help them to sleep
 - b. be better Christians
 - c. defy gravity
 - d. defy authority
5. Enduring friendships can only develop between people who share the same _____.
 - a. last name
 - b. leisure-time activities
 - c. life values and perspective
 - d. personality traits
6. "A friend loveth _____."
 - a. in adversity
 - b. at all times
 - c. greatly
 - d. enough to borrow
7. To study effectively, a student should follow all these steps except _____.
 - a. select carefully where to sit
 - b. plan deadlines for every project
 - c. concentrate well in class
 - d. cram thoroughly for a test
8. When a student is tempted to cheat, God will always _____.
 - a. stop the temptation
 - b. not allow him to cheat
 - c. not interfere
 - d. make a way to escape cheating
9. In all decisions, Christians should commit themselves to all of these items except the _____.
 - a. rule of peace
 - b. rule of feeling
 - c. word of Christ
 - d. plan of God
10. To avoid procrastination you should do all of these activities except _____.
 - a. establish step priority
 - b. follow each step
 - c. set clear goals
 - d. plan each step

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1. Human parents are extremely careful to ensure their child's _____.
 - a. survival
 - b. future
 - c. education
 - d. health
2. Parents will gradually release some of their protective supervision as the child approaches _____.
 - a. his first birthday
 - b. second grade
 - c. marriage
 - d. adolescence
3. Although Abraham loved Isaac, he _____.
 - a. sacrificed him
 - b. did not love Ishmael
 - c. had no children
 - d. loved God more
4. When Jesus called God "Father," He was emphasizing God's _____.
 - a. discipline
 - b. character
 - c. nearness
 - d. sternness
5. Children are consumers of these items except _____.
 - a. goods
 - b. instruction
 - c. life
 - d. responsibility
6. The Bible commands children to be _____.
 - a. happy
 - b. quiet
 - c. obedient
 - d. mature
7. A substitute parent that requires no interaction is _____.
 - a. television
 - b. a grandparent
 - c. a baby sitter
 - d. a friend
8. Two young people who substituted peers for parents were _____.
 - a. Joseph and Benjamin
 - b. Joshua and Caleb
 - c. Hophni and Phinehas
 - d. Jeroboam and Rehoboam
9. One of the most common of organized activities for a family to share is _____.
 - a. eating a meal
 - b. camping out
 - c. a vacation trip
 - d. going to church
10. Tastes in sports, music, art, and literature are taught _____.
 - a. casually
 - b. only by parents
 - c. informally
 - d. formally

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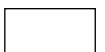
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1. The Lord's Prayer was given as a _____.
 - a. sermon
 - b. model
 - c. ritual
 - d. prayer
2. Jesus is the prophesied Priest, King, and _____.
 - a. Prince
 - b. Person
 - c. Mediator
 - d. Prophet
3. Because God is immutable, He never _____.
 - a. speaks loudly
 - b. dies
 - c. changes
 - d. remembers sin
4. Travel in the Roman Empire was made safe and easy by the _____.
 - a. four-horse chariot
 - b. Roman senate
 - c. Pax Romana
 - d. Roman aqueducts
5. The city from which Barnabas and Paul launched their missionary activity was _____.
 - a. Antioch
 - b. Jerusalem
 - c. Caesarea
 - d. Tarsus
6. The Jerusalem Conference concerned whether Gentiles _____.
 - a. could be saved
 - b. should be circumcised
 - c. could marry Jews
 - d. should eat pork
7. On his third missionary journey Paul stayed almost three years in _____.
 - a. jail
 - b. Greece
 - c. Macedonia
 - d. Ephesus
8. Being personally persuaded, not judging others, not being a stumbling block, surrendering personal right, and glorifying God are _____.
 - a. positive commands
 - b. neutral commands
 - c. negative commands
 - d. guiding principles
9. The old nature is derived from _____.
 - a. the flesh
 - b. Adam
 - c. sinful acts
 - d. Creation
10. Students who cheat do so because they usually are _____.
 - a. trying to please the Lord
 - b. excellent students
 - c. too lazy to study
 - d. unaware that cheating is wrong

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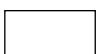
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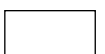
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1. The descendants of Mattathias, the priest, were known as _____.
 - a. Seleucids
 - b. Ptolemys
 - c. Maccabees
 - d. Syrians
2. The separatist group originally called Assidaeans was later known as the _____.
 - a. Scribes
 - b. Sadducees
 - c. Pharisees
 - d. Maccabees
3. The New Testament includes all of these divisions except _____.
 - a. the prophetic book
 - b. the poetical books
 - c. the historical books
 - d. the instructional books
4. The four authors who wrote the seven General Epistles were _____.
 - a. Peter, Paul, James, and John
 - b. James, Peter, Jude, and Paul
 - c. Peter, Jude, Luke, and John
 - d. John, Jude, James and Peter
5. During His "popular ministry," Jesus raised a dead boy to life in the city of _____.
 - a. Capernaum
 - b. Nain
 - c. Jerusalem
 - d. Nazareth
6. Jesus was on the Cross for about _____ hours.
 - a. three
 - b. six
 - c. nine
 - d. twelve
7. The Holy Spirit's activity on the day of Pentecost was a fulfillment of the prophecy of _____.
 - a. Isaiah
 - b. Jeremiah
 - c. Daniel
 - d. Joel
8. Those who were with Paul on his first missionary journey were _____.
 - a. Barnabas and Silas
 - b. Silas and Luke
 - c. Barnabas and Mark
 - d. Silas and Luke
9. The church at Laodicea was characterized as being _____.
 - a. loving
 - b. lukewarm
 - c. backslidden
 - d. dying
10. Although the church at Philadelphia was weak, it had _____.
 - a. kept the Lord's Word
 - b. a false prophetess
 - c. evil surroundings
 - d. heresy within it

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1. Levi preferred to be called *Matthew*, which means _____.
 - a. *a tax collector*
 - b. *servant to the Law*
 - c. *God's child*
 - d. *God's fully grown man*
2. The Gospel of Matthew was written to _____.
 - a. Jews in the Land of Israel
 - b. Jews outside the Land of Israel
 - c. Greek Christians
 - d. Roman Christians
3. Mark was related to Barnabas as his _____.
 - a. son
 - b. cousin
 - c. nephew
 - d. step-son
4. The style of Mark is very _____.
 - a. concise
 - b. smooth
 - c. expressive
 - d. full
5. Luke was probably *not* _____.
 - a. a Gentile
 - b. a physician
 - c. a fellow laborer
 - d. an Apostle
6. Luke's Gospel was written primarily to _____.
 - a. Palestinian Jews
 - b. Palestinian Greeks
 - c. Theophilus
 - d. his own family
7. John the Apostle was probably from the city of _____.
 - a. Nazareth
 - b. Jerusalem
 - c. Capernaum
 - d. Bethsaida
8. Of the four Gospel writers John used _____.
 - a. a pseudonym
 - b. the most complex words
 - c. the smallest vocabulary
 - d. the poorest grammar
9. The length of Jesus' ministry can be derived mostly easily from the Gospel of _____.
 - a. Matthew
 - b. Mark
 - c. Luke
 - d. John
10. The Gospel that reflects a historic approach is _____.
 - a. Matthew
 - b. Mark
 - c. Luke
 - d. John

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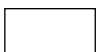
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1. The writer of the book of Acts was _____.
 - a. Paul
 - b. Luke
 - c. Peter
 - d. Apollos
2. The detailed style of the book of Acts is evident through Paul's conversion being mentioned _____.
 - a. throughout chapter 10
 - b. seven times
 - c. five times
 - d. three times
3. The book of Acts is a work that continues the account of Jesus' ministry and is addressed to _____.
 - a. Theophilus
 - b. the Corinthians
 - c. Palestinian Jews
 - d. Roman Jews
4. The baptism of the Holy Spirit is not spoken of as a _____.
 - a. filling
 - b. gift
 - c. promise
 - d. bath
5. The method of showing chronological sequence in Acts did *not* include _____.
 - a. Jewish feast dates
 - b. Roman governors
 - c. years from Christ's birth
 - d. the journeys of Paul
6. The book of Acts presents the spread of the Gospel from Jerusalem to _____.
 - a. India
 - b. France
 - c. Spain
 - d. Rome
7. Pentecost is also known as the Feast of _____.
 - a. the Spirit
 - b. Weeks
 - c. Fifty
 - d. Harvest
8. Peter's Pentecost sermon used the Psalms of David to show the _____.
 - a. sin of the Jews
 - b. Resurrection of Jesus
 - c. presence of the Holy Spirit
 - d. miracles of healing
9. Philip helped the Ethiopian eunuch to understand the words of _____.
 - a. Isaiah
 - b. Jesus
 - c. Jeremiah
 - d. Moses
10. Paul's first missionary journey did *not* include traveling to _____.
 - a. Troas
 - b. Antioch
 - c. Lystra
 - d. Paphos

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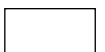
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1. Paul was skilled in the trade of _____.
 - a. carpentry
 - b. blacksmithing
 - c. fishing
 - d. Antioch
2. On the road to Damascus, Jesus accused Paul of _____.
 - a. blasphemy
 - b. murder
 - c. persecuting Him
 - d. zealous patriotism
3. Paul's abilities as a writer and thinker were developed under the influence of his teacher, _____.
 - a. Barnabas
 - b. Gamaliel
 - c. Ananias
 - d. Luke
4. To clarify certain points, Paul used a _____.
 - a. varied style
 - b. larger handwriting
 - c. secretary
 - d. parenthetical style
5. Paul wrote to the Thessalonians to correct their misconceptions concerning the Lord's _____.
 - a. return
 - b. Prayer
 - c. baptism
 - d. teachings
6. The Corinthian Church was located in a city with a population of _____.
 - a. 4,000
 - b. 40,000
 - c. 400,000
 - d. 4,000,000
7. Paul wrote to the church at Colossi to _____.
 - a. counteract false teachings
 - b. correct their immorality
 - c. thank them
 - d. encourage them
8. Paul's letters to Philemon concerned _____.
 - a. Demas
 - b. trouble in the church
 - c. an Egyptian
 - d. a Greek
9. Timothy's mother, Eunice, was a Jewess and his father was _____.
 - a. also a Jew
 - b. a Roman
 - c. a Egyptian
 - d. a Greek
10. Paul asked Timothy to bring all of these items to him except _____.
 - a. his cloak
 - b. the parchments
 - c. his shoes
 - d. the books

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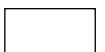
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1. The writer of the book of James was probably the brother of _____.
 - a. John 1a. ☐
 - b. James, the less b. ☐
 - c. Andrew c. ☐
 - d. Jesus d. ☐
2. As a prominent leader in Jerusalem church, James was known as _____.
 - a. the just 2a. ☐
 - b. the martyr b. ☐
 - c. the historian c. ☐
 - d. a fair man d. ☐
3. Peter began his first Epistle by writing about Christian _____.
 - a. conduct 3a. ☐
 - b. opportunities b. ☐
 - c. character c. ☐
 - d. ethics d. ☐
4. In his second letter Peter warned the scattered believers of the increasing _____.
 - a. apostasy 4a. ☐
 - b. taxes b. ☐
 - c. government control c. ☐
 - d. inflation d. ☐
5. Because of his attitude, John was known as a _____.
 - a. lovable disciple 5a. ☐
 - b. son of thunder b. ☐
 - c. poor fisherman c. ☐
 - d. calm individual d. ☐
6. Both John's second and third Epistles are addressed to _____.
 - a. the elect lady 6a. ☐
 - b. the church of Ephesus b. ☐
 - c. individuals c. ☐
 - d. Palestinian Jews d. ☐
7. The recipients of the Epistle to the Hebrews were most likely Jewish Christians in the vicinity of _____.
 - a. Antioch 7a. ☐
 - b. Athens b. ☐
 - c. Rome c. ☐
 - d. Jerusalem d. ☐
8. The main thrust of the Epistle to the Hebrews was the _____.
 - a. supremacy of Christ 8a. ☐
 - b. persecution of believers b. ☐
 - c. coming of Christ c. ☐
 - d. final judgment d. ☐
9. Jude was raised in the same home as _____.
 - a. John 9a. ☐
 - b. Peter b. ☐
 - c. Jesus c. ☐
 - d. Andrew d. ☐
10. The Epistle of Jude was addressed to _____.
 - a. no particular group 10a. ☐
 - b. dispersed Jews b. ☐
 - c. Gentiles in Jerusalem c. ☐
 - d. the elect lady d. ☐



1. The church in Ephesus was guilty of having lost its _____.
 - a. evangelical zeal
 - b. first love
 - c. pastor
 - d. testimony
2. The church in Laodicea had an attitude of _____.
 - a. needing nothing
 - b. humbleness
 - c. fervent zeal
 - d. poverty
3. The color of the second horse whose rider takes peace from the earth is _____.
 - a. white
 - b. red
 - c. black
 - d. tan
4. The opening of the sixth seal ushers in a _____.
 - a. famine
 - b. war
 - c. cataclysmic catastrophe
 - d. flood and a fire
5. The plague of locusts from the bottomless pit came with a _____ trumpet.
 - a. third
 - b. fourth
 - c. fifth
 - d. sixth
6. The seventh trumpet brings an announcement declaring God's great _____.
 - a. saving grace
 - b. power and wrath
 - c. love and forgiveness
 - d. plan of salvation
7. The first five signs refer directly to _____.
 - a. the earth's future
 - b. the slain lamb
 - c. Satan and his kingdom
 - d. the victorious saints
8. The first of the seven plagues comes upon those who have the _____.
 - a. world's riches
 - b. mark of the beast
 - c. sickle of judgment
 - d. sores of leprosy
9. The second judgment concerns the _____.
 - a. drunken harlot
 - b. lake of fire
 - c. false prophet
 - d. marriage of the Lamb
10. Satan is bound and put in the bottomless pit for a thousand years in the _____ judgment.
 - a. fourth
 - b. fifth
 - c. sixth
 - d. seventh

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1. Job lost his possessions and children through all of these means *except* _____.
 - a. Sabeans
 - b. fire
 - c. Chaldeans
 - d. Shuhites
2. Job's wife added to his suffering by telling him to _____.
 - a. confess his sin
 - b. leave home
 - c. curse God
 - d. take a bath
3. Elihu told Job that God does not have to _____.
 - a. answer for His acts
 - b. make Job well
 - c. always do right
 - d. correct Job's friends
4. Job learned that God will do justly among men because He is _____.
 - a. loving
 - b. merciful
 - c. the Creator
 - d. patient
5. Suffering originated with _____.
 - a. Satan
 - b. Eve
 - c. Adam
 - d. Job
6. To determine the exact meaning of the word *suffer*, consider its _____.
 - a. definitions
 - b. origin
 - c. spelling
 - d. context
7. The world's attitude toward suffering includes each of these aspects *except* _____.
 - a. fatalism
 - b. thankfulness
 - c. determinism
 - d. human sufficiency
8. Enduring suffering as a Christian helps to strengthen a person's _____.
 - a. resistance to suffering
 - b. will to survive
 - c. Christlike character
 - d. body
9. Jesus endured suffering and testing in each of these areas *except* the _____.
 - a. physical
 - b. mental
 - c. spiritual
 - d. natural
10. Jesus suffered leaving us an example that will result in _____.
 - a. a mature character
 - b. our suffering
 - c. our temptation
 - d. a, b, and c

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1. When Philip spoke to the Ethiopian eunuch, they were both _____.
 - a. running in the desert
 - b. in Jerusalem
 - c. sitting in the chariot
 - d. in the Temple
2. Paul told Lydia about the Lord when she was _____.
 - a. in a synagogue
 - b. in her home
 - c. by a river
 - d. in the market
3. The work of the Holy Spirit is to reprove the world of each of these *except* _____.
 - a. righteousness
 - b. judgment
 - c. sin
 - d. holiness
4. In 2 Timothy, Paul pictured Christians as workmen who were able correctly to _____.
 - a. evangelize others
 - b. build the church
 - c. understand the Bible
 - d. pray
5. The focus of all Bible research should be _____.
 - a. knowledge
 - b. doctrine
 - c. the words
 - d. the Lord Jesus
6. The most important book in doing personal Bible study is a _____.
 - a. Bible concordance
 - b. Bible handbook
 - c. Bible encyclopedia
 - d. Bible
7. First Peter 4:9 says that we are to show each other _____.
 - a. hospitality
 - b. partiality
 - c. love
 - d. justice
8. An outreach ministry could include meals served in different courses at several places, known as _____ dinners.
 - a. regressive
 - b. spaghetti
 - c. circular
 - d. progressive
9. Many families make opportunities for witnessing as they visit _____.
 - a. campgrounds
 - b. churches
 - c. other believers
 - d. wilderness areas
10. The primary channel for evangelizing a lost world is the _____.
 - a. missionaries
 - b. church
 - c. pastors
 - d. denominations

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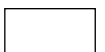
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1. If we delight ourselves in the Lord, He will give us the _____.
 - a. keys to the kingdom
 - b. believer's reward
 - c. desires of our heart
 - d. promised land
2. When making any decision, the written Word of God must always _____.
 - a. be open
 - b. play a small role
 - c. take precedence
 - d. be considered
3. With God's goals for us clearly in focus, we can lead a life that is glorifying, fulfilled, and _____.
 - a. influential
 - b. productive
 - c. self-controlled
 - d. pleasant
4. If you have no goal in life, you are not accomplishing anything of value for _____.
 - a. yourself
 - b. other people
 - c. the Lord
 - d. a, b, and c
5. God's goal for Christians is that they might be conformed to _____.
 - a. each other
 - b. New Testament culture
 - c. His Son's image
 - d. the world
6. A Christian should choose a vocation in which he can _____.
 - a. make his fortune
 - b. gain recognition
 - c. please the Lord
 - d. counsel others
7. In 2 Corinthians 9:15 Paul referred to Jesus Christ as God's unspeakable _____.
 - a. Son
 - b. Messiah
 - c. love
 - d. gift
8. The Lord gave apostles, prophets, evangelists, and pastors and teachers for the perfecting of _____.
 - a. the world
 - b. the nations
 - c. society
 - d. the saints
9. Paul told Timothy (2 Timothy 1:6) to stir up _____.
 - a. the Gentiles
 - b. the church at Ephesus
 - c. the gift of God
 - d. himself
10. Christians should be diligent to be found of Christ in peace, spotless, and _____.
 - a. fulfilled
 - b. organized
 - c. blameless
 - d. worshiping

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1. Because it was written in the common language, the work that spread hope to the world of a coming Messiah was the _____.
 - a. Septuagint
 - b. Pseudepigrapha
 - c. Apocrypha
 - d. Talmud
2. The seven churches mentioned in the book of Revelation do *not* include the church at _____.
 - a. Lystra
 - b. Ephesus
 - c. Sardis
 - d. Smyrna
3. The theme of Matthew's gospel is that Christ is _____.
 - a. God
 - b. the kingly Messiah
 - c. the Saviour of man
 - d. the Prophet
4. Paul was born in the capital of Cilicia, _____.
 - a. Perga
 - b. Tarsus
 - c. Iconium
 - d. Antioch
5. Paul wrote to the Ephesians, Christians who lived in a city that had many followers of the goddess _____.
 - a. Venus
 - b. Diana
 - c. Aphrodite
 - d. Sibyl
6. Paul wrote an Epistle to Titus who was assisting the church in _____.
 - a. Cyprus
 - b. Crete
 - c. Ephesus
 - d. Corinth
7. The theme of 1 John concerns _____.
 - a. repentance
 - b. fellowship
 - c. conversion
 - d. sanctification
8. At the sounding of the second trumpet, one-third of the _____.
 - a. sea became blood
 - b. trees were burned
 - c. sun was darkened
 - d. grass was burned
9. Job's three friends were convinced that _____.
 - a. Satan was trying Job
 - b. Job had sinned
 - c. Job was righteous
 - d. God hated Job
10. God's arranging of the circumstances of our lives according to His purposes is known as His _____.
 - a. provision
 - b. foreknowledge
 - c. sovereignty
 - d. providence

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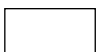
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1. God made the sun, moon, and stars _____.
 - a. before dry land appeared
 - b. before He made earth
 - c. after He made plants
 - d. on the third day
2. Animal life was created on the _____.
 - a. third day
 - b. fourth day
 - c. fifth and sixth days
 - d. seventh day
3. The word *Adam* comes from the same root as does the word _____.
 - a. woman
 - b. dust
 - c. form
 - d. ground
4. Before the Fall, man accomplished all of these activities *except* _____.
 - a. naming the animals
 - b. bearing children
 - c. naming Eve
 - d. obeying God
5. The one known in Genesis 3:1 as the serpent is _____.
 - a. a snake
 - b. an extinct animal
 - c. Satan
 - d. personified temptation
6. Man's disobedience to God resulted in the _____.
 - a. woman being cursed
 - b. man being cursed
 - c. curse of sin
 - d. a, b, and c
7. Noah was characterized as being _____.
 - a. graceful
 - b. righteous
 - c. shrewd
 - d. stubborn
8. Noah lived in the ark for _____.
 - a. forty days
 - b. four months
 - c. seven months
 - d. more than a year
9. The whole earth is now populated with the descendants of Noah, _____.
 - a. Ham, Seth, and Japheth
 - b. Japheth, Shem, and Cain
 - c. Shem, Japheth, and Ham
 - d. Ham, Japheth, and Eber
10. Before the Lord scattered man over the earth, the people were attempting to make a city, a tower, and _____.
 - a. an agricultural center
 - b. an altar
 - c. a name
 - d. a temple

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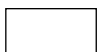
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1. When God called Abraham, he lived in _____.
 - a. Babylon
 - b. Haran
 - c. Eech
 - d. Ur
2. According to God's instruction, Abraham was to leave his country, his kindred, and his _____.
 - a. wife's family
 - b. father's house
 - c. wife
 - d. children
3. A covenant is a _____.
 - a. promise from God
 - b. statement of fact
 - c. relationship under sanctions
 - d. religious home
4. God's covenant with Abraham involved two major components: Abraham's descendants and _____.
 - a. his ancestors
 - b. his own land
 - c. the world
 - d. his wife
5. Isaac's wife, Rebekah, came from the city of _____.
 - a. Haran
 - b. Nahor
 - c. Ur
 - d. Uz
6. The person who chose Isaac's wife was _____.
 - a. Abraham
 - b. Abraham's servant
 - c. Isaac
 - d. Bethuel
7. When Jacob was a young man, he bought his brother's right to inherit the first-born's portion with _____.
 - a. seven sheep
 - b. 100 pieces of money
 - c. his goat herd
 - d. a bowl of stew
8. On his way to Haran, Jacob had a vision at _____.
 - a. Bethel
 - b. Shechem
 - c. Nahor
 - d. Damascus
9. Joseph occupied the second highest position in Egypt when he was _____ years old.
 - a. seventeen
 - b. twenty-one
 - c. thirty
 - d. forty-nine
10. Joseph administered the world food bank during a famine period of _____ years.
 - a. two
 - b. five
 - c. seven
 - d. ten

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1. Under the rule of the Hyksos, the Israelites were _____.
 - a. treated well
 - b. placed into slavery
 - c. accepted into Egypt
 - d. made to build cities
2. Before the Pharaoh let Israel leave Egypt, the Egyptians suffered _____ plagues.
 - a. seven
 - b. ten
 - c. twelve
 - d. twenty
3. The Israelites observed the requirements of Passover to avoid the _____.
 - a. seventh plague
 - b. wrath of Pharaoh
 - c. death of the first born
 - d. wrath of Moses
4. While an east wind parted the sea, the Egyptians were separated from the Israelites by a _____.
 - a. cloud
 - b. river
 - c. mountain
 - d. great distance
5. The Day of Atonement was the only occasion when the High Priest went into the _____.
 - a. Ark of the Covenant
 - b. Tabernacle
 - c. Synagogue
 - d. Most Holy Place
6. The Israelites were to observe the seventh year as a time to _____.
 - a. free all slaves
 - b. rest the land
 - c. return land to owners
 - d. a, b, and c
7. In their marches in the wilderness, Israel was arranged so that the closest to the center were the _____.
 - a. military families
 - b. shepherds
 - c. old people
 - d. religious families
8. The Lord sent deadly serpents among Israel because the people _____.
 - a. refused to proceed
 - b. murmured about the manna
 - c. made a golden calf
 - d. neglected God's Law
9. The word *Deuteronomy* means _____.
 - a. *successful journey*
 - b. *second law*
 - c. *second leader*
 - d. *journey's end*
10. Although he could not enter into it, Moses was shown the land of promise from _____.
 - a. heaven
 - b. Mount Nebo
 - c. Mount Sinai
 - d. the Jordan River

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1. Before Joshua crossed the Jordan River, he _____.
 - a. numbered the people
 - b. sacrificed to the Lord
 - c. sent spies to Jericho
 - d. buried Moses
2. To allow Israel to cross over, God stopped the Jordan River in a heap as soon as the water was touched by the _____.
 - a. rod of Moses
 - b. priests carrying the Ark
 - c. blood of a sacrificial lamb
 - d. first person to cross
3. To capture Jericho, Israel marched around the city once a day for six days, and on the seventh day they _____.
 - a. rested
 - b. marched twice around
 - c. sacrificed to the Lord
 - d. marched seven times around
4. To assist the Israelites in defeating the five Amorite Kings, God made the _____.
 - a. Amorites sick
 - b. Israelites extra strong
 - c. angels help Israel
 - d. daylight hours longer
5. The two and one-half tribes that settled on the east of the Jordan River were _____.
 - a. Gad, Asher, and Naphtali
 - b. Asher, Reuben, and Manasseh
 - c. Reuben, Manasseh, and Gad
 - d. Manasseh, Gad, and Asher
6. The land was allotted on the basis of tribe size and was assigned by _____.
 - a. the elders
 - b. lot
 - c. Joshua
 - d. the priests
7. The cities of refuge were havens for those who _____.
 - a. were traveling
 - b. killed someone accidentally
 - c. opposed military activity
 - d. experienced famine
8. The Altar of Witness was built as a testimony that the Jordan River _____.
 - a. did not divide the Israelites
 - b. was parted by God
 - c. should not overflow
 - d. would run forever
9. Joshua told Israel that, if they disobeyed God, He would remove _____.
 - a. His name from them
 - b. His Tabernacle from them
 - c. them from the land
 - d. His blessing from them
10. Joshua renewed the covenant with the people at _____.
 - a. Shiloh
 - b. Jericho
 - c. Shechem
 - d. Gilgal

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1. God provided judges to complete the recurring cycle of apostasy, servitude, repentance, and _____.
 - a. apostasy
 - b. blessing
 - c. ceremony
 - d. deliverance
2. The Benjaminites who abused and killed the concubine of a traveling Levite were from the city of _____.
 - a. Bethlehem
 - b. Jebus
 - c. Laish
 - d. Gibeah
3. Shamgar killed six hundred Philistines with _____.
 - a. a sword
 - b. an ox goad
 - c. a sling
 - d. a bow and arrows
4. Deborah, the only woman judge, delivered Israel with the soldiers led by _____.
 - a. Barak
 - b. Ehud
 - c. Jabin
 - d. Sisera
5. Jephthah, a judge, was the son of Gilead by a _____.
 - a. prophetess
 - b. concubine
 - c. Moabite princess
 - d. harlot
6. To fulfill his vow, Jephthah gave the Lord his _____.
 - a. son
 - b. daughter
 - c. wife
 - d. inheritance
7. Samson was under the constraints of the vows of _____.
 - a. an Israelite
 - b. judge
 - c. a Nazarite
 - d. the High Priest
8. When his strength was gone, Samson was put to work grinding grain in the _____.
 - a. palace granary
 - b. prison
 - c. market area
 - d. temple granary
9. Ruth obtained food for Naomi and herself by _____.
 - a. working in the fields
 - b. becoming a servant
 - c. herding Boaz's sheep
 - d. gleaning the fields
10. The person who assumed the obligations and property of a deceased male relative was known as the _____.
 - a. honorable kinsman
 - b. kinsman-redeemer
 - c. redeemer of land
 - d. redeemer-father

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1. Samuel was a prophet, a priest, and a _____.
 - a. king
 - b. soldier
 - c. farmer
 - d. judge
2. Samuel anointed Saul as king of Israel while Saul was _____.
 - a. worshipping the Lord
 - b. preparing for battle
 - c. seeking lost donkeys
 - d. plowing a field
3. As king of the nation of Israel, one of David's greatest desires was to _____.
 - a. rule the world
 - b. build the Temple
 - c. defeat the Babylonians
 - d. return to herding sheep
4. David's throne was challenged by his son, _____.
 - a. Absalom
 - b. Amnon
 - c. Joab
 - d. Abner
5. When Solomon became king of Israel, he was opposed by another claimant to the throne, _____.
 - a. Zadok
 - b. Abiathar
 - c. Nathan
 - d. Adonijah
6. The construction of the Temple that Solomon built took _____ years.
 - a. five
 - b. seven
 - c. twelve
 - d. thirteen
7. The book of Job can be divided into three sections: the prologue, the dialogue, and the _____.
 - a. monologue
 - b. parologue
 - c. epilogue
 - d. catalogue
8. The book of Psalms can be divided into _____.
 - a. five books
 - b. Tehillim and Pesilim
 - c. synthetic parallels
 - d. dialogue shifts
9. The prevalent poetic form in Proverbs is the symmetrical _____.
 - a. parallel
 - b. duet
 - c. couplet
 - d. poem
10. The Song of Solomon is a work that literally describes the courtship and marriage of _____.
 - a. Christ and His Church
 - b. God and Israel
 - c. Solomon and the Shulamite
 - d. David and Bathsheba

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1. The dynasty of Jeroboam was concluded by the brief reign of _____.
 - a. Baasha
 - b. Nadab
 - c. Elah
 - d. Zimri
2. To retain the throne of Israel, Baasha killed every descendent of _____.
 - a. Jeroboam
 - b. Nadab
 - c. Elah
 - d. Rehoboam
3. The first king of Judah to establish friendly relations with Israel was _____.
 - a. Ahaziah
 - b. Jehoram
 - c. Joash
 - d. Jehoshaphat
4. Jehoram was greatly influenced for evil by his wife, the daughter of _____.
 - a. Asa
 - b. Ahab
 - c. Jehu
 - d. Jehoshaphat
5. Elijah confronted the prophets of Baal on _____.
 - a. Mount Seir
 - b. Mount Carmel
 - c. Mount Ebal
 - d. the Plain of Sharon
6. When Elijah asked Elisha what he could do for him, Elisha responded with a request to _____.
 - a. watch him ascend
 - b. receive double his spirit
 - c. possess his mantle
 - d. keep his staff
7. The king who reigned the longest (forty-one years) in Israel was _____.
 - a. Jeroboam I
 - b. Jeroboam II
 - c. Jehoash
 - d. Hohoahaz
8. The last king of Israel was _____.
 - a. Ahaz
 - b. Pekah
 - c. Hoshea
 - d. Menahem
9. The theme of the book of Joel is _____.
 - a. The Day of the Lord
 - b. Jehovah is King
 - c. Repent or Die
 - d. Israel is a Harlot
10. The last of the prophets sent to the northern kingdom was _____.
 - a. Joel
 - b. Amos
 - c. Hosea
 - d. Jonah

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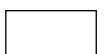
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1. Hezekiah began his religious reform by repairing the _____.
 - a. Temple altar
 - b. Temple walls
 - c. Temple doors
 - d. city walls
2. Hezekiah revolted against Assyria and their king, _____.
 - a. Shalmanesar
 - b. Sennacherib
 - c. Sargon
 - d. Tiglath-pileser
3. The king who reinstituted idolatry in Judah and later removed the idols and altars of false worship was _____.
 - a. Asa
 - b. Hezekiah
 - c. Manasseh
 - d. Jehoahaz
4. When Josiah had the Temple repaired, Hilkiah the priest found _____.
 - a. an ancient inscription
 - b. David's harp
 - c. a copy of the Law
 - d. a Septuagint
5. The king of Judah who spent thirty-six years in prison in Babylon before his release was _____.
 - a. Jehoiakim
 - b. Jehoahaz
 - c. Jehoiachin
 - d. Zedekiah
6. The king who revolted from the control of Nebuchadnezzar, was blinded, and was taken to Babylon, was _____.
 - a. Zedekiah
 - b. Jehoiachin
 - c. Jehoahaz
 - d. Jehoiakim
7. The ministry of Isaiah spanned the reigns of _____ kings.
 - a. three
 - b. four
 - c. five
 - d. six
8. The real purpose of Micah's ministry was to declare to the nation _____.
 - a. God's love
 - b. victory
 - c. the coming of Messiah
 - d. its sins
9. God told Habakkuk that He was going to judge His people by sending the _____.
 - a. Egyptians
 - b. Chaldeans
 - c. prophets
 - d. Assyrians
10. Jeremiah was ordained a prophet by God _____.
 - a. willingly
 - b. before his birth
 - c. in the Temple
 - d. to speak against Assyria

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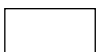
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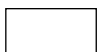


1. Jeremiah was born in Anathoth into the family of a _____.
 - a. priest 1a. ☐
 - b. prophet b. ☐
 - c. shepherd c. ☐
 - d. leper d. ☐
2. Jeremiah was rescued from a slime pit by _____.
 - a. an Ethiopian eunuch 2a. ☐
 - b. king Zedekiah b. ☐
 - c. a royal priest c. ☐
 - d. a blind beggar d. ☐
3. Besides the introduction and the conclusion, the book of Jeremiah can be divided into _____ major sections.
 - a. two 3a. ☐
 - b. three b. ☐
 - c. four c. ☐
 - d. five d. ☐
4. Jeremiah recorded his ministry to the remnant of the people in Judah and in _____.
 - a. Assyria 4a. ☐
 - b. Israel b. ☐
 - c. Egypt c. ☐
 - d. Babylon d. ☐
5. Ezekiel was taken to Babylon during the deportation of king _____.
 - a. Zedekiah 5a. ☐
 - b. Jehoahaz b. ☐
 - c. Josiah c. ☐
 - d. Jehoiachin d. ☐
6. The book of Ezekiel has been described as a _____.
 - a. captive history 6a. ☐
 - b. riddle history b. ☐
 - c. shepherd's diary c. ☐
 - d. prophetic diary d. ☐
7. The king who dreamed a dream that he could not recall but that Daniel told and translated was _____.
 - a. Belshazzar 7a. ☐
 - b. Darius b. ☐
 - c. Nebuchadnezzar c. ☐
 - d. Cyrus d. ☐
8. Daniel was put in a den of lions under the authority of the law of _____.
 - a. Nebuchadnezzar 8a. ☐
 - b. The Medes and Persians b. ☐
 - c. Belshazzar c. ☐
 - d. The Babylonians d. ☐
9. In Daniel's vision of the four beasts, the first beast represents the kingdom of _____.
 - a. Nebuchadnezzar 9a. ☐
 - b. Greece b. ☐
 - c. Darius c. ☐
 - d. Rome d. ☐
10. The period that Daniel calls seventy weeks is actually _____ years.
 - a. seventy 10a. ☐
 - b. four hundred ninety b. ☐
 - c. seven c. ☐
 - d. forty-nine d. ☐



1. The registry of the first return listed people according _____.
 - a. to family name
 - b. to tribal name
 - c. to names of cities
 - d. a and c
2. The approximate proportion of priests among the first returnees was _____.
 - a. one in six
 - b. one in seven
 - c. one in eight
 - d. one in nine
3. The returning Levites could be classified as _____.
 - a. assistants
 - b. musicians
 - c. porters
 - d. a, b, c
4. At the word of the Lord by Haggai the prophet, work was resumed on the Temple during the second year of _____.
 - a. Ahasuerus
 - b. Artaxerxes
 - c. Darius
 - d. Smerdis
5. Failing in their first attempt at interference with work on the Temple, the enemies of God's people continued their opposition by all of the following procedures *except* _____.
 - a. direct interference with the work
 - b. false accusations through "counselors"
 - c. personal appearances before the king
 - d. letters containing false charges
6. Ahasuerus reacted immediately to Esther's uninvited approach to his throne by _____.
 - a. extending to her his golden scepter
 - b. promising her any request to half of his kingdom
 - c. hanging Haman on the gallows that Haman had built for Mordecai
 - d. having her and her family put to death
7. In preparation for the journey to Jerusalem, Ezra proclaimed a _____.
 - a. feast
 - b. fast
 - c. day of rest
 - d. festival
8. A gate of special concern to the priests was the _____.
 - a. horse gate
 - b. fish gate
 - c. fountain gate
 - d. sheep gate
9. The Old Testament scripture that talks about thirty pieces of silver is found in _____.
 - a. Zechariah 11:12-13
 - b. Zechariah 3:8
 - c. Zechariah 13:7
 - d. Zechariah 12:10
10. In Biblical order, the last book of Old Testament history is _____.
 - a. Ezra
 - b. 2 Chronicles
 - c. Ruth
 - d. Esther

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- d. ☐



1. God refers to Himself when He speaks of "my faithfulness" in _____.
 - a. Psalm 2
 - b. Psalm 89
 - c. Psalm 119
 - d. Psalm 150
2. God's faithfulness in the normal needs of life is well expressed in _____.
 - a. Psalm 1
 - b. Psalm 22
 - c. Psalm 23
 - d. Psalm 51
3. When God solidified His promise to Abraham with an oath, He was showing Abraham the _____.
 - a. hope of His faithfulness
 - b. abundance of His faithfulness
 - c. immutability of His faithfulness
 - d. word of His faithfulness
4. In Numbers 23:19 Moses compares God's faithfulness with _____.
 - a. His love
 - b. Moses' faithfulness
 - c. man's faithfulness
 - d. Israel's faithfulness
5. God's providential care is mentioned in Romans 8:28 where Paul says all things work together _____.
 - a. forever
 - b. for good
 - c. with the Lord
 - d. through God's faithfulness
6. The covenant that God will make with Israel when He writes His Laws in their hearts is based on _____.
 - a. conditional promises
 - b. unconditional promises
 - c. His justice
 - d. His providence
7. The best witness to the characteristics of the Father is the _____.
 - a. Christians
 - b. Bible
 - c. Son
 - d. creation
8. Jesus was called a faithful High Priest in comparison with _____.
 - a. Eli
 - b. Melchizedek
 - c. Moses
 - d. Aaron
9. Because God is the only faithful being, we have a moral and rational obligation to _____.
 - a. tell others of Him
 - b. learn more of Him
 - c. trust Him
 - d. prove Him
10. Faithfulness in a Christian is part of _____.
 - a. his training
 - b. the fruit of the Spirit
 - c. this present age
 - d. his responsibilities

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- b. ☐
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- d. ☐

1. Because of its power, fame, and popularity, Rome was known as the _____.
 - a. Holy City
 - b. Eternal City
 - c. Wicked City
 - d. City
2. The descending order of the three lowest social levels of Romans was _____.
 - a. equestrian, freedman, slave
 - b. equestrian, plebe, slave
 - c. freedman, plebe, slave
 - d. plebe, freedman, slave
3. The church at Rome was probably founded by _____.
 - a. Peter
 - b. Romans converted at Pentecost
 - c. Paul
 - d. Aquila and Priscilla
4. The number of his friends in Rome whom Paul greeted by his letter was _____.
 - a. ten
 - b. eighteen
 - c. twenty-four
 - d. thirty-two
5. After his initial address in his Epistle, Paul greeted the Romans with _____.
 - a. edification
 - b. condemnation
 - c. correction
 - d. greetings
6. The goodness of God leads a person to _____.
 - a. goodness
 - b. faith
 - c. love
 - d. repentance
7. The act of God that declares a sinner righteous is known as _____.
 - a. grace
 - b. atonement
 - c. redemption
 - d. justification
8. According to 1 Corinthians 15:22, all those in Christ shall be _____.
 - a. blessed
 - b. made alive
 - c. filled
 - d. heart
9. Man sins by choice because he is a sinner by _____.
 - a. choice
 - b. behavior
 - c. nature
 - d. heart
10. Sanctification is the means whereby saints are _____.
 - a. resurrected
 - b. justified
 - c. preserved
 - d. fulfilled

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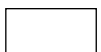
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1. Romans 9:14-24 deals with God's _____.
 - a. sovereignty 1a. ☐
 - b. love b. ☐
 - c. Son c. ☐
 - d. immutability d. ☐
2. God blinded the nation of Israel so that the _____.
 - a. nation might perish 2a. ☐
 - b. Jews might not see their sins b. ☐
 - c. nation would be judged c. ☐
 - d. Gentiles might be saved d. ☐
3. As a living sacrifice, a Christian is "in the world," but is not _____.
 - a. over the world 3a. ☐
 - b. of the world b. ☐
 - c. under the world c. ☐
 - d. really alive d. ☐
4. Christians must be subject to the higher powers, for the powers that exist are _____.
 - a. consistently good 4a. ☐
 - b. favorable to Christians b. ☐
 - c. ordained of God c. ☐
 - d. eternal d. ☐
5. Because scruples tended to divide the Roman believers, Paul said that they were not to _____.
 - a. judge one another 5a. ☐
 - b. have scruples b. ☐
 - c. eat meat c. ☐
 - d. observe the Sabbath d. ☐
6. Regarding scruples, Paul said that every person must be _____.
 - a. without scruples 6a. ☐
 - b. convinced about his own behavior b. ☐
 - c. liberal in all things c. ☐
 - d. a judge for the Lord d. ☐
7. The Spirit of God broods over the darkness of an individual's heart to bring light just as He did over _____.
 - a. the Tabernacle 7a. ☐
 - b. Israel b. ☐
 - c. the earth c. ☐
 - d. Egypt d. ☐
8. Those who have been saved by faith in Jesus Christ are sanctified by _____.
 - a. faith 8a. ☐
 - b. works b. ☐
 - c. temptations c. ☐
 - d. sin d. ☐
9. According to Revelation 12:10, salvation is come when Satan is _____.
 - a. destroyed 9a. ☐
 - b. bound for 1,000 years b. ☐
 - c. cast down to earth c. ☐
 - d. judged d. ☐
10. According to Revelation 2:7, the Lord will allow the overcomer to eat _____.
 - a. the marriage supper 10a. ☐
 - b. from the tree of life b. ☐
 - c. the food of kings c. ☐
 - d. the heavenly Passover d. ☐



1. The view that the divine nature was joined with Jesus at His baptism and left Him to die alone was held by _____.
 - a. Neibuhr
 - b. the Ebionites
 - c. Eutychus
 - d. Peter
2. Those who believed that Christ did not have a human body, but that His body seemed to appear to be real, were called _____.
 - a. Arians
 - b. Barthians
 - c. Nestorians
 - d. Docetists
3. The New Testament word *Christ* corresponds to the Old Testament word *Messiah* and means _____.
 - a. God will judge
 - b. the ruling Lord
 - c. the promised one
 - d. the anointed one
4. The title that stresses Jesus' humanity is _____.
 - a. *Savior*
 - b. *Son of Man*
 - c. *Emmanuel*
 - d. *Son of David*
5. The word *incarnation* means _____.
 - a. *to be born*
 - b. *being human*
 - c. *enfleshment*
 - d. *humanism*
6. Tied closely to the Incarnation is the doctrine of _____.
 - a. God's omnipotence
 - b. the Second Coming
 - c. the Resurrection
 - d. the virgin birth
7. According to Matthew 7:29, Jesus taught the people with great _____.
 - a. conviction
 - b. authority
 - c. enthusiasm
 - d. persuasion
8. In his death Jesus was _____.
 - a. an example
 - b. a mercy seat
 - c. only a martyr
 - d. a ransom to Satan
9. The best *proof* of the Resurrection is the _____.
 - a. empty tomb
 - b. burial clothing
 - c. word of the angels
 - d. testimony of the disciples
10. According to Ephesians 4:11, Jesus gave the churches _____.
 - a. faith
 - b. repentance
 - c. spiritual gifts
 - d. gifted leaders



1. When God called Abraham, He told him to meet each of these conditions *except* to leave his _____.
 - a. own country
 - b. country's religion
 - c. kindred
 - d. father's household
2. God promised to make Abraham's descendants as numerous as the dust of the earth while Abraham was still _____.
 - a. in Ur
 - b. in Haran
 - c. unmarried
 - d. childless
3. To preserve their heritage the Alexandrian Jews _____.
 - a. built a new temple
 - b. reinstituted the sacrifices
 - c. destroyed the Hellenists
 - d. made the Septuagint
4. Israel is blinded to the Gospel until _____.
 - a. they are all destroyed
 - b. the Gentile age is over
 - c. they repent
 - d. evil is gone
5. The Jewish revolt under Bar Kochba lasted for _____.
 - a. one year
 - b. three and one-half years
 - c. seven years
 - d. five years, two months
6. The Land of Israel was partitioned forming an independent Jewish state on _____.
 - a. May 15, 1948
 - b. November 29, 1967
 - c. November 29, 1947
 - d. June 11, 1947
7. The Rosetta Stone contained all of these scripts *except* _____.
 - a. cuneiform
 - b. demotic writing
 - c. hieroglyphic writing
 - d. Greek
8. Ancient customs of the Horites that paralleled those mentioned in the Scriptures are written on thousands of tablets from the city of _____.
 - a. Babylon
 - b. Ugarit
 - c. Nuzi
 - d. Mari
9. One of the finest and best preserved synagogues in Galilee is in the city of _____.
 - a. Nazareth
 - b. Capernaum
 - c. Bethsaida
 - d. Cana
10. J.T. Wood excavated one of the seven wonders of the world in 1880, the temple of _____.
 - a. Apollos in Corinth
 - b. Diana in Ephesus
 - c. Jehovah in Jerusalem
 - d. Baal in Damascus

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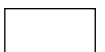
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1. God making Himself known through nature, conscience, and the written and living Word is the doctrine of _____.
 - a. inspiration 1a. ☐
 - b. revelation b. ☐
 - c. illumination c. ☐
 - d. interpretation d. ☐
2. The Bible being the sufficient standard for all faith and practice is the doctrine of _____.
 - a. inspiration 2a. ☐
 - b. revelation b. ☐
 - c. authority c. ☐
 - d. illumination d. ☐
3. Interpretation is the human response to _____.
 - a. illumination 3a. ☐
 - b. revelation b. ☐
 - c. inspiration c. ☐
 - d. authority d. ☐
4. Illumination is a work of the _____.
 - a. Holy Spirit 4a. ☐
 - b. Bible b. ☐
 - c. pastor c. ☐
 - d. church body d. ☐
5. The *Nabhiim* includes the books written by those men who had both the gift and office of _____.
 - a. priest 5a. ☐
 - b. prophet b. ☐
 - c. judge c. ☐
 - d. king d. ☐
6. The books of the *Kethubim* are divided into _____.
 - a. two groups 6a. ☐
 - b. three groups b. ☐
 - c. four groups c. ☐
 - d. five groups d. ☐
7. The first book of the New Testament was written in A.D. 45 and is the book of _____.
 - a. Mark 7a. ☐
 - b. Galatians b. ☐
 - c. James c. ☐
 - d. 1 Thessalonians d. ☐
8. The two books that comprise two of the four sections of the New Testament are _____.
 - a. James and Hebrews 8a. ☐
 - b. Acts and Revelation b. ☐
 - c. Hebrews and Revelation c. ☐
 - d. Acts and Jude d. ☐
9. Because of its diversity, a difficult section of the Old Testament to recognize as canonical was the _____.
 - a. *Torah* 9a. ☐
 - b. *Nebhiim* b. ☐
 - c. *Kethubim* c. ☐
 - d. *Megilloth* d. ☐
10. A general acceptance of the books of the New Testament existed as early as the age of the _____.
 - a. Apostles 10a. ☐
 - b. church fathers b. ☐
 - c. apologists c. ☐
 - d. theologians d. ☐

1. According to Proverbs 17:17, a friend loves _____.
 - a. when shown love
 - b. even his enemies
 - c. a friend
 - d. at all times
2. The principles underlying the phrase *face to face* characterize true friendship between God and _____.
 - a. Moses
 - b. Jonah
 - c. Daniel
 - d. Isaiah
3. The concept of the social practice of dating came from _____.
 - a. the Jewish nation
 - b. the book of Deuteronomy
 - c. outside of the Scriptures
 - d. New Testament practices
4. The first goal of dating is to _____.
 - a. enjoy yourself
 - b. be prompt
 - c. have fellowship
 - d. please the Lord
5. Christian dating consists of _____.
 - a. dating only Christians
 - b. praying together
 - c. attending church activities
 - d. following Biblical principles
6. A young man is to treat a young woman as _____.
 - a. his friend
 - b. his sister
 - c. his cousin
 - d. a stranger
7. A primary purpose of marriage is for mankind to _____.
 - a. multiply
 - b. fill the earth
 - c. subdue the earth
 - d. a, b, and c
8. Paul said (1 Corinthians 7:2) that every person should have his own mate to _____.
 - a. raise children
 - b. talk to
 - c. avoid fornication
 - d. fulfill God's will
9. In their relationships to their husbands, wives must be _____.
 - a. loving
 - b. silent
 - c. obedient
 - d. steadfast
10. The primary Scripture on Christian marriage is found in _____.
 - a. Genesis chapter 3
 - b. Ephesians chapter 5
 - c. 1 Peter chapter 3
 - d. 1 Timothy chapter 3

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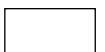
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1. Solomon obtained his great wisdom through _____.
 - a. closely observing life
 - b. diligent study
 - c. insightful advisors
 - d. asking God
2. The Queen of Sheba brought Solomon a gift of gold valued at more than _____.
 - a. \$100,000
 - b. \$250,000
 - c. \$600,000
 - d. \$20,000,000
3. Solomon took seven years to build the Temple for the Lord, but his own house was built in _____.
 - a. only two years
 - b. five years
 - c. ten years
 - d. thirteen years
4. Solomon pursued all of these false gods except _____.
 - a. Ashtoreth
 - b. Milcom
 - c. Baal
 - d. Chemesh
5. Solomon sought happiness in all of these ways except through _____.
 - a. education
 - b. construction
 - c. confession
 - d. heritage
6. Solomon sought the meaning of life through rationalism, agnosticism, and _____.
 - a. theology
 - b. humanism
 - c. faith
 - d. meditation
7. To show us His Son who shows us the Father, God has given us _____.
 - a. the church
 - b. the Bible
 - c. clear minds
 - d. spiritual eyes
8. To understand what God has said, Christians can depend upon the Holy Spirit and _____.
 - a. natural insight
 - b. human wisdom
 - c. gifted men
 - d. prayer
9. The Lord was angry with Solomon because He had appeared to him to warn him about idolatry _____.
 - a. once
 - b. twice
 - c. three times
 - d. before he reigned
10. According to Ecclesiastes 10:16, Solomon had acted like _____.
 - a. a crippled man
 - b. an anxious youth
 - c. a weak king
 - d. a foolish child

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1. The differences in the Gospel accounts of the superscription over the Cross is the result of _____.
 - a. different emphasis
 - b. parallel passages
 - c. partial information
 - d. factual variances
2. The differences between numbers recorded in Chronicles and those recorded in Samuel and Kings is due to _____.
 - a. nonparallel passages
 - b. shades of meanings
 - c. copyist mistakes
 - d. different emphasis
3. True science and Scripture are _____.
 - a. contradictory
 - b. compatible
 - c. unrelated
 - d. parallel
4. The Biblical phrase, "the four corners of the earth," is _____.
 - a. an improper translation
 - b. a common error of its day
 - c. a scientific error
 - d. a metaphor
5. To prove the existence of God, the Bible makes _____.
 - a. the teleological argument
 - b. no formal argument
 - c. intuition important
 - d. experiential sense
6. The question, "How could Jesus be God if God is in heaven?" fails to comprehend the _____.
 - a. true location of God
 - b. transformation
 - c. triune Godhead
 - d. nature of heaven
7. The evil that the Lord creates (Isaiah 45:7) is *not* _____.
 - a. moral evil
 - b. war
 - c. plagues
 - d. natural disasters
8. When he knows and understands his sin, a child becomes _____.
 - a. a Christian
 - b. perfect
 - c. an adult
 - d. accountable
9. The law of Moses had all of these uses except _____.
 - a. to bring us to Christ
 - b. to impute sin
 - c. being Israel's standard
 - d. to save us from sin
10. Suffering for the Christian has all of these purposes except to _____.
 - a. learn obedience
 - b. pay for sin
 - c. mature spiritually
 - d. depend on God

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1. The first five books of the Hebrew Bible are known as the _____.
 - a. Septuagint
 - b. Pentateuch
 - c. Torah
 - d. Nabhiim
2. The Hebrew text was translated into Greek by the _____ of Alexandria, Egypt.
 - a. Greeks
 - b. Gentiles
 - c. Jews
 - d. Muslims
3. According to Romans chapter 8, the Christian is free from _____.
 - a. condemnation
 - b. fear
 - c. responsibility
 - d. danger
4. Abraham's blessing from God was based on his _____.
 - a. faith
 - b. merit
 - c. work ethic
 - d. goodness
5. The inter-Testament period lasted _____ years.
 - a. 200
 - b. 500
 - c. 300
 - d. 400
6. Israel became a state in May of _____.
 - a. 1492
 - b. 1948
 - c. 1800
 - d. 1951
7. The Dead Sea Scrolls were discovered in A.D. _____.
 - a. 1000
 - b. 1908
 - c. 1251
 - d. 1947
8. The study of the doctrine of interpretation is referred to as _____.
 - a. homiletics
 - b. didactics
 - c. hermeneutics
 - d. apologetics
9. To make a speech in defense of the Christian faith is referred to as _____.
 - a. homiletics
 - b. didactics
 - c. hermeneutics
 - d. apologetics
10. Marriage was established by _____.
 - a. God
 - b. man
 - c. Adam and Eve
 - d. the Romans

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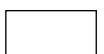
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1. An individual's personality includes each of the following components except _____.
 - a. values
 - b. adaptability
 - c. intelligence
 - d. age
2. Every person's personality is shaped by each of these influences except _____.
 - a. parental inheritance
 - b. the Word of God
 - c. people we do not know
 - d. the environment
3. New Christians will grow when birth comes by _____.
 - a. faith
 - b. grace
 - c. the Holy Spirit
 - d. repentance
4. A mature Christian models his life style after _____.
 - a. he is an adult
 - b. those around him
 - c. his own desires
 - d. God's Word
5. The spiritual gift that relates spiritual truth to life situation is _____.
 - a. wisdom
 - b. knowledge
 - c. discernment
 - d. faith
6. The gift that expects God to do seemingly impossible things is _____.
 - a. helps
 - b. wisdom
 - c. knowledge
 - d. faith
7. The least objective step in identifying your spiritual gifts is _____.
 - a. assessing you own strengths
 - b. obtaining your pastor's opinion
 - c. obtaining your parent's opinion
 - d. working in various ministries
8. Peter told believers (1 Peter 4:10) to use their gifts _____.
 - a. sparingly
 - b. as good stewards
 - c. occasionally
 - d. when asked
9. Skill sets relevant to one's vocation include each of these areas except _____.
 - a. values
 - b. motives
 - c. ministries
 - d. interests
10. Individuals with the highest mental aptitude are most often found in occupations such as _____.
 - a. accounting
 - b. auto mechanics
 - c. sales
 - d. teaching

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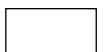
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1. The main word for *minister* in the original language of the New Testament is _____.
 - a. *bishop*
 - b. *pastor*
 - c. *teacher*
 - d. *deacon*
2. Each of these general services are mainly for the benefit of fellow believers except _____.
 - a. serving meals
 - b. preaching
 - c. supplying money or goods
 - d. caring for physical needs
3. Church-related ministries include each of these areas except the _____.
 - a. pastoral staff
 - b. office staff
 - c. service staff
 - d. denominational staff
4. The ministry that utilizes the most varied skills and services is _____.
 - a. the camping ministry
 - b. the Christian school
 - c. foreign missions
 - d. the pastorate
5. Ministries to families are _____.
 - a. multiplying
 - b. diminishing
 - c. adults
 - d. minorities
6. Christian schools should exceed all other schools in _____.
 - a. enrollment
 - b. equipment
 - c. academic excellence
 - d. staff
7. A halfway house ministry works with _____.
 - a. alcoholics
 - b. foster children
 - c. the mentally ill
 - d. senior citizens
8. The number of daily newspapers in the United States that use religious news editors is at least _____.
 - a. two
 - b. three
 - c. four
 - d. five
9. A Christian in secular work ministers in each of these areas *except* _____.
 - a. character
 - b. actions
 - c. talk
 - d. thoughts
10. All vocations should become _____.
 - a. careers
 - b. occupations
 - c. ministries
 - d. secular

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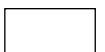
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1. Indirect sources of career-ministry information include all of these items *except* _____.
 - a. a missionary
 - b. *The Occupational Outlook Handbook*
 - c. mission agencies
 - d. placement personnel
2. The working conditions of an employee are affected by the _____.
 - a. financial remuneration
 - b. intangible rewards
 - c. organization's objectives
 - d. personal qualifications
3. The guiding principle for indirect influence in job seeking is to give information without _____.
 - a. advertising
 - b. solicitation
 - c. making contacts
 - d. speaking
4. A brief fact sheet that presents a person's qualifications for a position in a concise manner is _____.
 - a. a doctrinal statement
 - b. an employment application
 - c. a ministry objective
 - d. a personal résumé
5. As a candidate for a ministry position, you must *not* _____.
 - a. be a learner
 - b. mingle with the people
 - c. show favoritism
 - d. try your best
6. Job interview sessions must *not* become a _____.
 - a. time for questions
 - b. decision time
 - c. learning time
 - d. time for prayer
7. The basic conditions that allow you to understand divine guidance include each of these items *except* _____.
 - a. baptism
 - b. dedication
 - c. faith
 - d. prayer
8. The three steps of dedication related to divine guidance do *not* include _____.
 - a. surrender of self
 - b. submission to God's will
 - c. a servant attitude
 - d. seeking another's advice
9. The decision-making process includes each of these steps *except* _____.
 - a. obtain information
 - b. examine alternatives
 - c. choose among alternatives
 - d. obtain more information
10. The major phases of vocational development include all of these periods *except* _____.
 - a. rejection
 - b. transition
 - c. implementation
 - d. maintenance

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1. The doctrine of three Persons in one Godhead could only be known by _____.
 - a. the nation of Israel 1a. ☐
 - b. revelation b. ☐
 - c. humans c. ☐
 - d. critical thinking d. ☐
2. The names of God in the Old Testament identify Him as _____.
 - a. an ancient God 2a. ☐
 - b. an aloof God b. ☐
 - c. a personal God c. ☐
 - d. a fearful God d. ☐
3. The word *El (Elohim)* in the Old Testament is used to refer to God and appears about _____ times.
 - a. 1,000 3a. ☐
 - b. 1,525 b. ☐
 - c. 2,550 c. ☐
 - d. 5,670 d. ☐
4. In the Old Testament strong evidence exists of the concept of Yahweh as _____.
 - a. Judge 4a. ☐
 - b. Father b. ☐
 - c. Messiah c. ☐
 - d. Prophet d. ☐
5. The New Testament verse that identifies Jesus as deity is _____.
 - a. Matthew 1:1 5a. ☐
 - b. John 1:1 b. ☐
 - c. Romans 1:1 c. ☐
 - d. Acts 1:1 d. ☐
6. The New Testament chapter that identifies the Holy Spirit as deity is _____.
 - a. Matthew chapter 5 6a. ☐
 - b. Acts chapter 7 b. ☐
 - c. Romans chapter 8 c. ☐
 - d. Jude d. ☐
7. Justin and Irenaeus taught that God in three Persons is _____.
 - a. impossible 7a. ☐
 - b. true Christian belief b. ☐
 - c. not Scriptural c. ☐
 - d. easy to explain d. ☐
8. Tertullian and Hippolytus wrote against modalism, the doctrine that explains the Godhead in terms of the _____.
 - a. distinctness of Persons 8a. ☐
 - b. unity of God b. ☐
 - c. equality of Persons c. ☐
 - d. eternity of God d. ☐
9. Christians should look to the Trinity as the perfect example for their _____.
 - a. unity 9a. ☐
 - b. divinity b. ☐
 - c. separateness c. ☐
 - d. eternality d. ☐
10. Christians are to make visible God's love by their _____.
 - a. church attendance 10a. ☐
 - b. theological knowledge b. ☐
 - c. service to others c. ☐
 - d. words d. ☐



1. Throughout the book of Leviticus, God repeatedly said, " _____."
 - a. Repent
 - b. I am that I am
 - c. I am holy
 - d. Woe to Israel
2. In Luke 1:35 Gabriel referred to Mary's baby as _____.
 - a. righteous
 - b. holy
 - c. just
 - d. good
3. During the wilderness wanderings, the Lord was pleased to dwell in the Tabernacle in the _____.
 - a. Holy of Holies
 - b. Holy Temple
 - c. Ark of the Covenant
 - d. Altar of Incense
4. The place of God's evident exaltation and separation from sin is _____.
 - a. Jerusalem
 - b. heaven
 - c. the human heart
 - d. the Temple
5. The tribe of Israel set aside for special ministry unto the Lord was that of _____.
 - a. Judah
 - b. Levi
 - c. Benjamin
 - d. Ephraim
6. According to Ephesians 2:21, Jews and Gentiles are to grow together _____.
 - a. with the world
 - b. through intermarriage
 - c. into a holy temple
 - d. in Christ
7. Psalm 135:3 says, "Praise the Lord, for the Lord is _____."
 - a. holy
 - b. just
 - c. good
 - d. merciful
8. The rich young ruler addressed Jesus as _____.
 - a. Rabbi
 - b. Sir
 - c. Lord
 - d. Good Master
9. Paul declared (1 Timothy 4:4) that every creature of God is _____.
 - a. good
 - b. important
 - c. sinful
 - d. holy
10. Goodness is one aspect of _____.
 - a. mankind
 - b. the fruit of the Spirit
 - c. judgment
 - d. the world system

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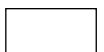
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1. James identifies himself in the greeting of his Epistle as _____.
 - a. the Lord's brother
 - b. a servant of God
 - c. a bishop
 - d. an Apostle
2. The first person known to have used the book of James and who referred to it as being inspired by God was _____.
 - a. Clement of Rome
 - b. Ignatius
 - c. Polycarp
 - d. Origen
3. James calls a person who wants heavenly things but will not let go of worldly things _____.
 - a. a worldly man
 - b. a double minded man
 - c. an immature man
 - d. a not-Christian
4. God will give wisdom liberally to all _____.
 - a. who need it
 - b. students
 - c. who are old
 - d. who ask
5. Material possessions can be a blessing or a curse depending on _____.
 - a. how much we have
 - b. our attitude toward them
 - c. how we got them
 - d. what we do with them
6. The word *sick* in James 5:15 means _____.
 - a. dead
 - b. physically ill
 - c. ill from sin
 - d. fatigued
7. Later in his life, John became the pastor of the church in _____.
 - a. Jerusalem
 - b. Corinth
 - c. Rome
 - d. Ephesus
8. The strongest support for the authenticity of John's Epistles is found in their _____.
 - a. internal evidences
 - b. style of writing
 - c. early acceptance
 - d. brevity
9. The theme in John's first Epistle is _____.
 - a. faith
 - b. love
 - c. obedience
 - d. fellowship
10. In John's third Epistle he warned against a troublemaker named _____.
 - a. Demetrius
 - b. Gaius
 - c. Diotrephes
 - d. Ananias

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1. The Lord mentions the righteousness of Daniel with that of Noah and _____.
 - a. Moses
 - b. Job
 - c. David
 - d. Abraham
2. Daniel ministered to each of these monarchs except _____.
 - a. Nebuchadnezzar
 - b. Melzar
 - c. Belshazzar
 - d. Darius
3. While Daniel was waiting for God to show him Nebuchadnezzar's dream and its interpretation, Daniel's three friends were _____.
 - a. in the fiery furnace
 - b. preparing to escape
 - c. seeking God's mercies
 - d. sound asleep
4. Daniel acknowledged that the secret of Nebuchadnezzar's dream was not revealed to him because of his _____.
 - a. prayers
 - b. faith
 - c. wisdom
 - d. patience
5. Daniel kneeled and prayed toward Jerusalem _____ times a day.
 - a. three
 - b. four
 - c. five
 - d. seven
6. According to Daniel 10:3, Daniel once fasted before the Lord for _____ days.
 - a. forty
 - b. ten
 - c. fifteen
 - d. twenty-one
7. Daniel's vision of the four beasts included each of these beasts except a _____.
 - a. winged lion
 - b. winged bear
 - c. winged leopard
 - d. strong, iron-toothed beast
8. In Daniel's vision of the ram and the he-goat, the ram referred to the kings of _____.
 - a. Babylon and Chaldea
 - b. Chaldea and Persia
 - c. Media and Persia
 - d. Persian and Assyria
9. The interpretation of Daniel's vision of the seventy-sevens that postpones the seventieth week to a time when God once again deals with Israel is known as the _____.
 - a. gap theory
 - b. space-time continuum
 - c. Messianic interpretation
 - d. parenthesis interpretation
10. In Daniel's vision the fourth king of Persia who was to be richer than the others was undoubtedly _____.
 - a. Xerxes
 - b. Cambyeses
 - c. Smerdis
 - d. Darius Hystaspis

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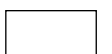
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1. The essential elements of Christianity include all of these items *except* _____.
 - a. the deity of Christ
 - b. Christ's death for sin
 - c. baptism by immersion
 - d. Christ's physical resurrection
2. The validity of the Christian faith rests on the authority of _____.
 - a. the church
 - b. the Scriptures
 - c. your pastor
 - d. your parents
3. Those groups that spring from a religion but differ in critical areas of belief are _____.
 - a. sects
 - b. cults
 - c. denominations
 - d. occultics
4. The basic meaning of the word *occult* is _____.
 - a. metaphysical
 - b. hidden
 - c. subtle
 - d. psychic
5. The teachings of Buddha are called the _____.
 - a. karma
 - b. nirvana
 - c. dharma
 - d. sangha
6. Confucius referred to the ideal moral order in the world as _____.
 - a. *li*
 - b. *lu*
 - c. *tao*
 - d. *shang*
7. The five Pillars of Islam include each of these practices *except* _____.
 - a. praying daily toward Mecca
 - b. making a pilgrimage to Mecca
 - c. observing Ramadan
 - d. confessing Yahweh as God
8. The sacred writings of Zoroastrianism are known as the _____.
 - a. Ahura Mazda
 - b. Spentas
 - c. Avesta
 - d. Dakhmas
9. The practice of moving objects by the power of the mind is called _____.
 - a. clairaudience
 - b. clairvoyance
 - c. psychokinesis
 - d. extrasensory perception
10. The origins of astrology can be traced back to the _____.
 - a. seventh century
 - b. Exodus
 - c. Tower of Babel
 - d. Creation

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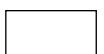
1. David was _____.
 - a. prudent in speech
 - b. redundant in speech
 - c. forgetful in relationships
 - d. unaffected by sin
2. The fact that David chose to spare Saul's life demonstrates his _____.
 - a. bravery
 - b. mercy
 - c. pride
 - d. shrewdness
3. Solomon built altars to pagan gods through the influence of his _____.
 - a. allies
 - b. advisors
 - c. soldiers
 - d. wives
4. According to 1 Kings 4:32, Solomon spoke _____.
 - a. one thousand proverbs
 - b. three thousand proverbs
 - c. one thousand poems
 - d. two long narratives
5. Psalm 142 recognizes God's comfort and protection and reflects the time when David was in the _____.
 - a. Temple courtyard
 - b. cave of Adullam
 - c. midst of battle
 - d. Philistine army
6. To understand God's guidance, a person must not depend on _____.
 - a. mature counsel
 - b. God's Word
 - c. personal prayer
 - d. his own understanding
7. The most thorough going prefiguration of Jesus was _____.
 - a. John the Baptist
 - b. Joseph
 - c. David
 - d. Moses
8. The ridicule and type of death that Jesus would receive were prefigured in _____.
 - a. Psalm 22
 - b. Psalm 119
 - c. Psalm 23
 - d. Psalm 1
9. Problem solving and seeking wisdom begin with the sometimes difficult task of _____.
 - a. seeking help
 - b. working
 - c. listening
 - d. studying
10. David expressed the scope and details of his problems in the form of _____.
 - a. laments
 - b. prayers
 - c. Psalms
 - d. Proverbs

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1. A religious system that is at variance with true Christianity is called _____.
 - a. religion
 - b. sect
 - c. club
 - d. cult
2. The Roman emperor who tried to destroy the Scriptures was _____.
 - a. Caesar
 - b. Diocletian
 - c. Diosthenes
 - d. Nero
3. The Ark of the Covenant was once captured in battle by the _____.
 - a. Philistines
 - b. Philippians
 - c. Hellenist
 - d. Nazarenes
4. The original language of the New Testament is _____.
 - a. Hebrew
 - b. Roman
 - c. Greek
 - d. Aramaic
5. The original language of the Old Testament is _____.
 - a. Hebrew
 - b. Roman
 - c. Greek
 - d. Aramaic
6. The one science that can greatly expand our knowledge of Bible times is _____.
 - a. astronomy
 - b. paleontology
 - c. dendrochronology
 - d. archaeology
7. Jesus received all of the characteristics from the Spirit of God *except* _____.
 - a. wisdom
 - b. deity
 - c. might
 - d. knowledge
8. Many of our problems are caused by _____.
 - a. the world
 - b. God
 - c. our egos
 - d. the Bible
9. The primary motivation in life for a Christian is to _____.
 - a. build a reputation
 - b. establish a career
 - c. glorify the Lord
 - d. have a ministry
10. To properly understand a Bible verse, you must read it _____.
 - a. quickly
 - b. in its context
 - c. in English
 - d. after prayer

- 1a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 2a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 3a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 4a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 5a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 6a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 7a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 8a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 9a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐
- 10a. ☐
- b. ☐
- c. ☐
- d. ☐





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