



BIBLE

STUDENT BOOK

▶ **6th Grade | Unit 10**

BIBLE 610

Revelation and Review

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Revelation and Review

Introduction

The first five LIFEPACs of the Bible 600 series are a survey study of the Old Testament. The last five are a survey study of the New Testament. A course in Bible survey can be taken by completing LIFEPACs 601 through 610. A course in Old Testament survey can be taken by completing the LIFEPACs 601 through 605, or a course in New Testament survey can be taken by completing LIFEPACs 606 through 610. A brief review of Old Testament survey is included in LIFEPAC® 605, and brief reviews of both the Old Testament and the New Testament are presented in this LIFEPAC 610.

The emphasis of the BIBLE 600 series is the emphasis of the BIBLE: God's plan for man's redemption. The Old Testament tells about man's Fall by sin and about God's promise of a Redeemer. That promise was first given in Genesis 3:15. God promised Abraham that He would give the world the Redeemer through Abraham's seed, or descendants. The line of Abraham was continued through Isaac, Jacob, and Judah. From the line of Judah came the Redeemer Himself, Jesus Christ.

Objectives

Read these objectives. The objectives tell you what you will be able to do when you have successfully completed this LIFEPAC. When you have finished this LIFEPAC, you should be able to:

1. Give the correct title, the theme, and the outline of the last book in the Bible.
2. Explain John's description of Jesus in Revelation.
3. Name and describe the seven churches addressed in Revelation.
4. Explain some end-time events.
5. Describe the New Jerusalem.
6. Name and classify the thirty-nine books of the Old Testament.
7. Describe the Genesis account of Creation.
8. Review Old Testament history from Creation to Moses; from Joshua to Samuel; and from the beginning kingdom of Israel through the division of the kingdom, the Assyrian captivity, the Babylonian captivity, and the Restoration.
9. Name and classify the twenty-seven books of the New Testament.
10. Show that Jesus was the fulfillment of Old Testament prophecy.
11. Identify some major events in the life of Jesus.
12. Interpret and apply some teachings of Jesus.
13. Identify some followers of Jesus and describe some miracles performed by Jesus.
14. Describe some major events in the life and journeys of Paul.
15. State the purpose, identify the theme, and outline the contents of Hebrews and the General Epistles.

Survey the LIFE PAC. Ask yourself some questions about this study and write your questions here.

A large rectangular area with a light gray background, containing 20 horizontal lines for writing.

1. REVELATION

The title of the last book in the Bible is “The Revelation of Jesus Christ” (see Revelation 1:1). In this section you will study the content of Revelation: its emphasis, or theme, and its outline. The theme of Revelation is the Second Coming of Christ. The outline of this important book was given by the Lord Jesus Himself in Revelation 1:19:

- I. The Things Which Thou Hast Seen,
- II. The Things Which Are, and
- III. The Things Which Shall Be Hereafter.

What John had just seen was a vision of Christ (Revelation 1:1–20). The “things which are” that

are described in Revelation 2:1–3:22 present the spiritual conditions of the seven churches, which represent the spiritual conditions of the churches from that time until the end-time. The “things which shall be hereafter” are the end-time events that will happen after believers are taken up out of the world (Revelation 4:1–22:21). Our outline for this study of Revelation then is based upon Jesus’ outline given in Revelation 1:19:

- I. The Lord Jesus (1:1-20),
- II. The Seven Churches (2:1-3:22), and
- III. The End-Time Events (4:1-22:21).

Section Objectives

Review these objectives. When you have completed this section, you should be able to:

1. Give the correct title, the theme, and the outline of the last book in the Bible.
2. Explain John’s description of Jesus in Revelation.
3. Name and describe the seven churches addressed in Revelation.
4. Explain some end-time events.
5. Describe the New Jerusalem.

Vocabulary

Study these words to enhance your learning success in this section.

commend (ku mend’). To praise; to speak well of.

countenance (koun’ tu nuns). The expression of the face.

jasper (jas’ per). A green precious stone of ancient time.

omniscience (om nish’ uns). Complete knowledge; knowledge of everything.

reprove (ri prüv’). To rebuke; to find fault with; to scold.

tribulation (trib’ yu lā shun). Great distress; severe trial; affliction.

Note: All vocabulary words in this LIFEPAC appear in **boldface** print the first time they are used. If you are unsure of the meaning when you are reading, study the definitions given.

Pronunciation Key: hat, āge, cāre, fār; let, ēqual, tērm; it, Īce; hot, ōpen, ōrder; oil; out; cup, pūt, rüle; child; long; thin; /ʦH/ for then; /zh/ for measure; /u/ or /ə/ represents /a/ in about, /e/ in taken, /i/ in pencil, /o/ in lemon, and /u/ in circus.

THE LORD JESUS

The apostle John was a prisoner on the island of Patmos in the Aegean Sea, a barren, rocky island just off the coast of Asia Minor. John was in the Spirit on the Lord's day when he heard a voice "as of a trumpet" (Revelation 1:10). John's reference to the trumpet was a signal of the end time. Paul referred to "the trump [trumpet] of God" in 1 Thessalonians 4:16 when writing about the Second Coming of Christ and the end time. The voice belonged to Christ, whom John described in verses 13–16 of chapter 1. When John turned to see the voice that spoke to him, he saw seven golden candlesticks, or lampstands. The Son of God was in the midst of the seven lampstands, and in His right hand were seven stars.

Read Revelation 1:1-20



Seven golden lampstands. In Revelation 1:20, John wrote that the seven lampstands were the seven churches of Asia named in verse 11: Ephesus, Smyrna, Pergamos, Thyatira, Sardis, Philadelphia, and Laodicea. John may have had a special ministry to these seven churches to which he was directed to write (Revelation 1:11). The strengths and the weaknesses of these churches would represent the strengths and weakness of churches to come. Jesus' message to those churches by John would also be messages for future churches.

Son of God. John saw Jesus, the glorified Son of God, in the midst of the seven golden lampstands, or the seven churches of Asia. The Son of God is always in the midst of His church. He



| Island of Patmos—Seven Churches

said in Matthew 18:20, "For where two or three are gathered together in my name, there am I in the midst of them." He said also to His disciples in Matthew 28:20, "... Lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world."

The garment of Him whom John saw represented His priestly ministry; His golden girdle, His kingship. His white hair represented purity and eternal age; He was the Ancient of Days. His flaming eyes represented the all-seeing eyes of **omniscience**. His brazen feet symbolized judgment. His voice was one of authority and power. The two-edged sword represented His Word, described in Hebrews

4:12 as "... sharper than any two-edged sword ..." His **countenance** was like the sun and signified His deity. John had written (1 John 1:5), "... God is light ..." Jesus had said (John 8:12), "... I am the light of the world ..." When John saw Jesus, he fell at His feet as dead. Jesus is God; sinful man cannot stand in the presence of Holy God."

The seven stars. According to Revelation 1:20, the seven stars were the seven "angels," or messengers, of the seven churches. These messengers may have been the pastors of the churches to whom the messages were addressed.



Complete the following statements.

- 1.1 The title of the last book in the Bible is "_____."
- 1.2 The theme of Revelation is _____.
- 1.3 This outline of Revelation was given by the Lord Jesus Himself in Revelation 1:19:
 - a. _____,
 - b. _____, and
 - c. _____.
- 1.4 The outline used in this LIFEPAK is based upon the one given by Jesus in Revelation 1:19:
 - a. I. _____ (1:1-20),
 - b. II. _____ (2:1-3:22), and
 - c. III. _____ (4:1-22:21).
- 1.5 The voice John heard on the island of Patmos was like the sound of a _____.
- 1.6 The seven churches addressed in Revelation were called seven golden candlesticks, or _____.
- 1.7 The names of the seven churches in order were a. _____,
 - b. _____, c. _____, d. _____,
 - e. _____, f. _____, and g. _____.
- 1.8 The Son of God is always "in the midst" of His _____.



Match the following items.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1.9 _____ garments</p> <p>1.10 _____ golden girdle</p> <p>1.11 _____ white hair</p> <p>1.12 _____ flaming eyes</p> <p>1.13 _____ brazen feet</p> <p>1.14 _____ two-edged sword</p> <p>1.15 _____ countenance</p> | <p>a. purity and eternal age</p> <p>b. judgment</p> <p>c. priestly ministry</p> <p>d. authority and power</p> <p>e. deity</p> <p>f. omniscience</p> <p>g. His Word</p> <p>h. kingship</p> |
|---|---|

THE SEVEN CHURCHES

The seven churches addressed in Revelation 2 and 3 were seven existing churches in Asia Minor. Those local churches were typical of churches throughout church history. Thus, the messages from God by John to those churches would be messages to churches throughout church history.

Ephesus. The church at Ephesus was faithful in every way except one: It had left its first love. Christian love no longer had first place in the lives of the believers.

Smyrna. The church at Smyrna was poor and persecuted, but it was rich in spiritual things—the best kind of riches.

Pergamos. The church at Pergamos was **commended** for standing fast in the faith, but was **reproved** for allowing false teaching in the church.

Read Revelation Chapters 2 and 3



Thyatira. Having much for which to be commended, the church at Thyatira permitted a woman called Jezebel to teach and cause some sin.

Sardis. The church at Sardis was spiritually dead. Without repentance it would not be ready when the Lord returns.

Philadelphia. The name *Philadelphia* means *brotherly love*. In contrast to the church at Sardis, the church at Philadelphia was alive. It had kept the Word of the Lord and had not denied His name.

Laodicea. The church at Laodicea was neither cold nor hot. It was lukewarm. Jesus said that He would spue it out of His mouth. It was rich with material goods, but it was poor and blind spiritually.

THE END-TIME EVENTS

Not all Bible scholars agree on the exact interpretation of Revelation or the precise order of end-time events. The book was written to be read, to be heard, and to be kept (Revelation 1:3). God will give you increased understanding as you read it, hear it, and keep it. As we walk in the light that He gives, He will give more light.

Throne of God. In chapters 4 and 5, the scene changes from the earth to heaven and to the throne of God. Believers have been taken to Heaven and are among the worshippers before the throne.

Tribulation on the earth. In chapters 6–18, **tribulation** is poured out upon the earth. The seven seals, the seven trumpets, and the seven bowls of wrath predict the righteous judgment of God upon the world.

Righteousness on the earth. In Revelation 19:1–20:6, Christ returns to earth in glory with His saints. He reigns upon the earth for 1,000

Read Revelation Chapters 19-21



years in righteousness and peace. Satan is bound and shut into the “bottomless pit” during the 1,000-year reign of Christ on the earth.

Judgment of the wicked. At the end of the 1,000-year reign, the wicked dead stand before a great white throne to be judged according to their works. Whoever is not found listed in the book of life is cast into the lake of fire (Revelation 20:10–15).

A new heaven and a new earth. In the last two chapters of Revelation (chapters 21 and 22), a new heaven and a new earth with a new Jerusalem are described. The eternal promises of God to His people include “... no more death, neither sorrow nor crying, neither ... any more pain ...”

The wall of the Holy City was made of **jasper**; the gates, of pearl; and the street, of pure gold. The Lord God Almighty and the Lamb were both the temple and light of the city.



Write the correct letter and answer on each blank.

- 1.16** The church at _____ was poor and persecuted but rich in spiritual things.
a. Pergamos b. Smyrna c. Ephesus
- 1.17** The name _____ means *brotherly love*.
a. Pergamos b. Laodicea c. Philadelphia
- 1.18** The church at _____ was faithful in every way but one; it had left its first love.
a. Ephesus b. Laodicea c. Thyatira
- 1.19** The church at _____ was spiritually dead.
a. Ephesus b. Sardis c. Philadelphia
- 1.20** The church at _____ was alive; it had kept the Word of the Lord.
a. Pergamos b. Sardis c. Philadelphia

- 1.21** The church at _____ was commended for standing fast in the faith; it was reprovved for permitting false teaching.
 a. Laodicea b. Pergamos c. Sardis
- 1.22** The church at _____ was neither cold nor hot; it was lukewarm.
 a. Laodicea b. Pergamos c. Thyatira
- 1.23** The church at _____ allowed a woman called Jezebel to teach.
 a. Ephesus b. Smyrna c. Thyatira

Answer true or false.

- 1.24** _____ In Revelation chapters 4 and 5, the scene changes from earth to heaven—before the throne of God.
- 1.25** _____ In Revelation chapters 6–18, tribulation is poured out upon the earth.
- 1.26** _____ In Revelation 19:1–20:6, Christ reigns from heaven for 1,000 years.
- 1.27** _____ At the end of Christ’s 1,000-year reign, the wicked dead are judged.
- 1.28** _____ In the last two chapters of Revelation, a new heaven and a new earth are described.

Complete the following activity.

- 1.29** Read Revelation chapters 4 and 21. In your thoughts, go with John and see what he saw. Write two or three paragraphs on a separate sheet of paper telling what you saw, what you thought, and how you felt. Share your thoughts with a friend. Your teacher will evaluate your paper with you.

TEACHER CHECK

_____ initials

_____ date



Review the material in this section in preparation for the Self Test. The Self Test will check your mastery of this particular section. The items missed on this Self Test will indicate specific areas where restudy is needed for mastery.

SELF TEST 1

Answer true or false (each answer, 2 points).

- 1.01** _____ The emphasis of the Bible is God's plan for man's redemption.
- 1.02** _____ In the line of Esau, Jacob's brother, was King David and Christ Jesus.
- 1.03** _____ To commend is to praise, or to speak well of.
- 1.04** _____ To reprove is to find fault with, or to rebuke.
- 1.05** _____ The correct title of the last book in the Bible is "The Revelation of St. John the Divine."
- 1.06** _____ The theme of Revelation is the Coming of the Antichrist.
- 1.07** _____ The outline of Revelation was given by the Lord Jesus to John in Revelation 1:19.
- 1.08** _____ The apostle John was a prisoner on the island of Patmos in the Aegean Sea.
- 1.09** _____ The voice John heard on Patmos was the voice of an angel.
- 1.010** _____ The seven golden lampstands John saw were the seven churches of Asia Minor.

Write the correct letter on each blank (each answer, 3 points).

- 1.011** Jesus' garment represented His _____ .
 a. omniscience b. priestly ministry c. kingship
- 1.012** The golden girdle Jesus wore represented his _____ .
 a. kingship b. omniscience c. deity
- 1.013** Jesus' countenance was like the sun and signified His _____ .
 a. omniscience b. deity c. priestly ministry
- 1.014** Jesus' flaming eyes represented His _____ .
 a. deity b. eternal age c. omniscience
- 1.015** In chapters 4 and 5 of Revelation, the scene changes from _____ .
 a. heaven to earth b. Patmos to Ephesus
 c. earth to heaven d. Ephesus to Patmos
- 1.016** The subject of Revelation 6–18 is _____ .
 a. worship b. tribulation c. righteousness

- 1.017** The last two chapters of Revelation describe _____ .
- the judgment of the wicked dead
 - a new heaven and a new earth
 - tribulation on the earth
 - Christ's 1000-year reign upon the earth
- 1.018** At the great white throne judgment, whoever is not found written in the book of _____ is cast into the lake of fire.
- life
 - Revelation
 - the lamb

Complete the following statements (each answer, 3 points).

- 1.019** The wall of the New Jerusalem was made of _____ .
- 1.020** The gates of the Holy City were made of _____ .
- 1.021** The streets of New Jerusalem were made of pure _____ .
- 1.022** God's Word to His people in Revelation 21 promises "... no more
- _____ , neither sorrow nor
 - _____ , neither ... any more
 - _____ ..."
- 1.023** The seven seals, the seven trumpets, and the seven bowls of wrath predict the righteous _____ of God upon the world.
- 1.024** The church at Laodicea was neither a. _____ nor b. _____ , but it was c. _____ .

Place these events in the correct order of time by using the numbers 1 to 7 (each answer, 2 points).

- 1.025** God instructed John to write to the seven churches of Asia Minor in this order:
- ___ Pergamos
 - ___ Laodicea
 - ___ Thyatira
 - ___ Ephesus
 - ___ Philadelphia
 - ___ Sardis
 - ___ Smyrna

Answer the following questions with complete sentences (each answer, 5 points).

1.026 How did Jesus describe the church at Philadelphia? _____

1.027 What does the name *Philadelphia* mean? _____

1.028 What is the theme of Revelation? _____

1.029 What is the correct title of the last book in the Bible? _____

	SCORE _____	TEACHER _____	initials	date
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