

2nd Grade



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NUMBERS AND WORDS TO 100 MATH 201

Introduction **|3**

LIFEPAC Test |Pull-out

1.	Numbers and Words to 1 Addition Facts to 18 7	00
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NUMBERS AND WORDS TO 100

Learn with our friends! They'll guide you through the LIFEPACs and keep the scores for you.



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Objectives

Read these objectives. They will tell what you will be able to do when you have finished this LIFEPAC[®].

- 1. I can read and write numbers to 100.
- 2. I know addition and subtraction facts to 18.
- 3. I can learn place value for ones and tens.
- 4. I can follow oral instructions.
- 5. I can add and subtract to tens' place.
- 6. I know operation symbols +, -, =, \neq , >, <.
- 7. I can write number sentences.
- 8. I can write fact families.
- 9. I can solve story problems in addition.
- 10. I can recognize patterns and tell what comes next.
- 11. I can recognize flat shapes.



1. NUMBERS AND WORDS TO 200



Count from 0 to 100.

1.1

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99
100									

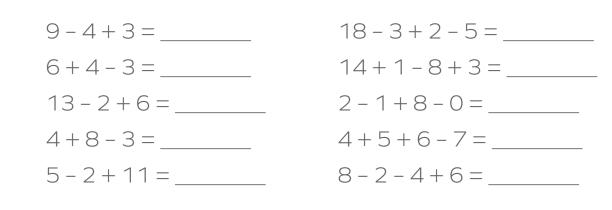
1.2 Write the numbers in number order.

66	61	68	63	60	67	64	69	62	65
									_
130	13	34	137	132) -	135	138	131	1
139	13	36	133						
									_
									_



Use the number line to find the answer.

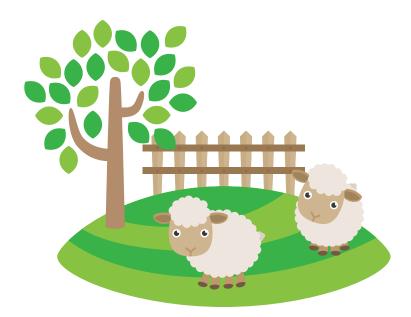
1.2



Seven plus four minus two equals ______ .

Nineteen minus six plus four equals ______.

Four plus eight minus five equals ______.



1.10 Count from 1 to 96. Draw dot-to-dot.

What do you think Willy Worm sees?

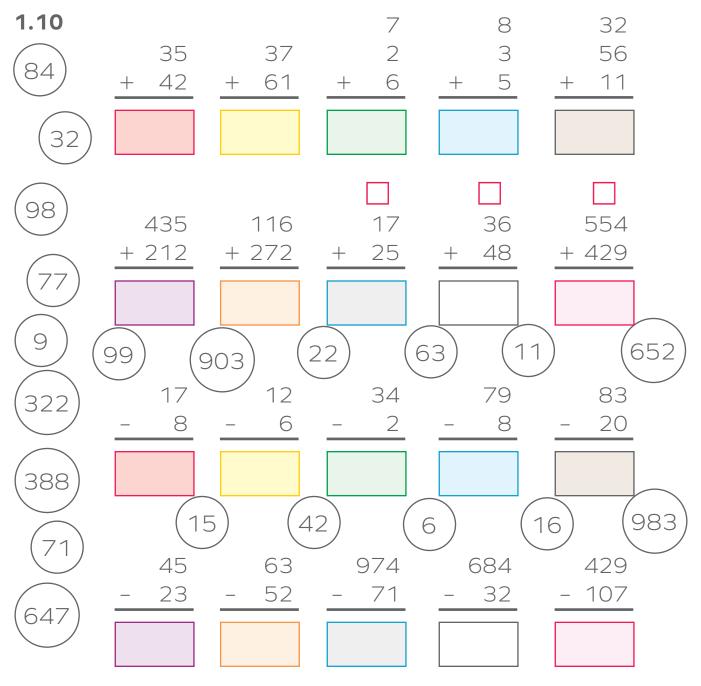
Willy Worm sees something, He does not like a bit. Willy Worm sees something, He seems afraid of it! Do you think he's hoping, When you draw dot-to-dot, That what he thinks is something, You'll find is really not?







Add or subtract. Find the circle that has the answer. Color it the same color as the box.





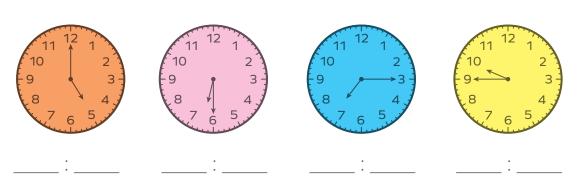
Before you take the Self Test, study what you have read and done. The Self Test will check what you remember.





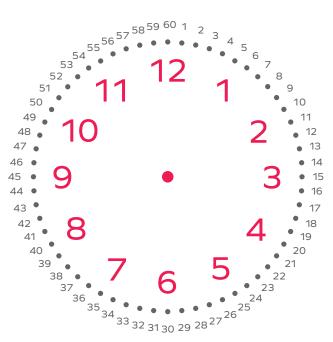
Write the time.

1.1



1.2 Write the answers.

Point to the big 1 on the clock. Count the numbers around the circle. What number did you count to?



| Use for Activities 1.2-1.4

How many hours on the clock?

Draw dot-to-dot to finish the face of the clock. Each dot means 1 minute.

How many dots around the

How many minutes on the clock?

SELF TEST 1

Each answer = 1 point, except where otherwise noted

1.03 Write the answer.

- 2+5-4+3=_____
- 8-6-1+9=____

7+2-6-1=_____

1.04 Write the facts.

6, 9, 15





2nd Grade



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MATH 200 Teacher's Guide

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR MATH

The LIFEPAC curriculum for grades two through twelve is structured so that the daily instructional material is written directly into the LIFEPACs. However, because of the variety of reading abilities at this grade level, the second grade mathematics Teacher's Guide contains additional instructional material to help the teacher prepare and present each lesson effectively. As the year progresses, students should be encouraged to read and follow the instructional material as presented in the LIFEPACs to develop independent study habits. The teacher should introduce the LIFEPAC to the student, set a required completion schedule, complete teacher checks, be available for questions regarding both content and procedures, administer and grade tests, and develop additional learning activities as desired. Teachers working with several students may schedule their time so that students are assigned to a quiet work activity when it is necessary to spend instructional time with one particular student.

The remainder of the Teacher's Guide includes the following teacher aids:

- 1) Introduction of Skills
- 2) Additional Activities

For each unit:

- 3) Materials Needed
- 4) Objectives
- 5) Teacher Instruction
- 6) Answer Keys
- 7) Alternate Tests

After the last unit:

- 8) Math Terms Glossary
- 9) Conversion Charts

The Introduction of Skills is a more detailed overview of skills than that presented in the *Scope and Sequence*. The Mathematics Terms includes a glossary of mathematics terms and a table of measurements. The Teacher Instruction Pages contain guidelines for teaching each lesson. Additional learning activities provide opportunities for problem solving, encourage the student's interest in learning, and may be used as a reward for good study habits.

Mathematics is a subject that requires skill mastery. But skill mastery needs to be applied toward active student involvement. The Teacher Instruction Pages list the required or suggested materials used in the LIFEPAC lessons. These materials include items generally available in the school or home. Pencils, paper, crayons, scissors, paste and/ or glue stick are materials used on a regular basis. Construction paper, beads, buttons, and beans can be used for counting, sets, grouping, fractions, and patterning. Measurements require measuring cups, rulers, and empty containers. Boxes and similar items help in the study of solid shapes.

Any workbook assignment that can be supported by a real-world experience will enhance the student's ability for problem solving. There is an infinite challenge for the teacher to provide a meaningful environment for the study of mathematics. It is a subject that requires constant assessment of student progress. Do not leave the study of mathematics in the classroom.

MATH 200 INTRODUCTION OF SKILLS

Introduction of Skills is a quick reference guide for the teacher who may be looking for a rule or explanation that applies to a particular skill or to find where or when certain skills are introduced in the LIFEPACs. The first number after the skill identifies the LIFEPAC, and the second number identifies the section.

CONCEPT	LIFEPAC	SECTION	CONCEPT	LIFEPAC	SECTION
Addition			Measurements		
facts to 18	201	1	dozen	205	5
1-digit number added to			linear		
10's n/c*	201	2	inch	203	2
2 numbers 2-digits n/c	201	2	one-half inch	203	2
3 numbers 1-digit	201	4	one-quarter inch	209	2
3 numbers 2-digits n/c	201	4	(square inches)	209	1
1-digit number added to			feet, yards	204	3
10's w/c*	203	2	perimeter, area	206	3
2 numbers 2-digits w/c	203	2		209	1
2 numbers 3-digits n/c	204	2	length, width	208	3
2 numbers 3-digits w/c	204	-	temperature (Fahrenheit)	205	3
1's or 10's place	204 207	5 4	time		
2 numbers 3-digits w/c	207	-	calendar: days, weeks,		
1's and 10's place	208	4	months, years	204	5
3 numbers 2-digits w/c	209	1	to hour, half-hour, five		2
3 numbers 3-digits n/c	210	1	minutes	202	2
checking answers	202	3	to minute	206	1
no carry boxes	210	3	A.M., P.M.	203	4
Directions			digital clock	210	3
north, south, east, west	208	4	volume: cups, pints, quarts gallons	s, 208	5
Even and odd			weight: ounces, pounds	208	1
numbers	202	1	Money	200	I
rules to add and subtract		5	add and subtract	208	4
Expanding numbers			pennies, dimes, nickels	208	4
(see place value)			dollars	202	3
Families of facts			dollar sign and decimal poi		3
addition and subtraction	201	4		203	2
Fractions		-	quarters	204	5
part of an object or set	202	4	making change Number line	204	5
addition	205	3	add or subtract to 18	202	1
subtraction	206	4		203	I
writing in words	200	1	Number order	201	4
Graphs (Charts)	207	I	to 100	201	1
gathering and posting da	ita 205	1	to 200	202	1
bathening and posting do	203	I	to 999	204	Ĩ
			to 1,000	210	1

TEACHER NOTES

MATERIALS NEEDED FOR LIFEPAC

Required

- Cards (3 inches by 5 inches) printed with number symbols 0 through 9 and number words zero through nineteen, also twenty, thirty, forty, and so on through one hundred. Several sets would be useful. (Cereal boxes are an excellent source of cardstock.)
- Cards with operation symbols: plus (+), minus (–), equal (=), not equal (≠), greater than (>), less than (<).
- Fact cards for addition and subtraction through *18*
- Counters for *ones* and *tens*—these may be cardstock strips (2 inches by 5 inches); one color for *ones*, another color for *tens*. (Popsicle sticks also work well as counters.)
- Objects for counting—beads, beans, buttons, bread wrapper twists, etc.
- Crayons, construction paper, scissors

Objectives

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- 6. I know operation symbols +, -, =, \neq , >, <.
- 7. I can write number sentences.
- 8. I can write fact families.
- 9. I can solve story problems in addition.
- 10. I can recognize patterns and tell what comes next.
- 11. I can recognize flat shapes.

TEACHER NOTES

Section 1 - Number Symbols and Words to 100

- 1. Discuss Objectives.
- 2. Activities 1.1 through 1.6 Have the students practice with cards, reading and putting number symbols and words in number order (1 through 19). Complete activities 1.1 through 1.6.
- 3. Activity 1.7 Introduce addition fact cards through *18*. Set aside facts that the students have not mastered and practice several times a week.

ANSWER KEYS

SECTION 1

1.1	0 1 2 3 7 8 9 10	4 5 6	1.9 ten twenty thirty forty fifty sixty seventy eighty
1.2	zero one four five eight nine	two three six seven ten	ninety one hundred 1.10 16 31 c7
1.3	4 3 6 5 0 9 2 7 10 8 1		67 85 49 11
1.4	11 12 13 14 16 17 18 19		70 93 forth fino
1.5	eleven twelv fifteen sixtee nineteen twen	en seventeen eighteen	forty-five sixty seventy-nine thirteen
1.6	b c t f m s r g d o e p		eighty-one thirty-six fifty-four one hundred SELF TEST 1
	q k n a l i h j		1.01 sixteen 80 forty-two 31 eighty 16
1.7	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		thirty-one seventy-five eighty-one eighty-one eighty-one eighty-one fight thirty-four eight thirty-seven sixty-five nineteen fifty-three twenty
			1.03 9 11 17 7 7 10 10 15 7 10 11 7 9 7 8 14 12 6

SECTION 3

3.1	15	85	12
	22	10	99
	74	19	49
	4	62	36
3.2	23	13	100
	52	27	64
	90	52	20
	32	40	77
3.3	79	34	16
	44	99	49
	28	4	22
	20	82	91

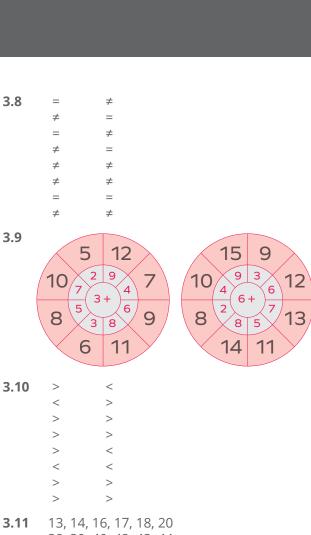
3.4	thirteen
	twenty-one
	sixty-two
	seventy-nine
	ten
	fifty-two
	seventy
	forty

- 3.5 forty-five eighty-two thirteen eight sixty-seven forty ninety-four seventeen
- **3.6** twenty forty-seven ninety-one sixty-eight ten seventy-four thirty-six ninety-nine

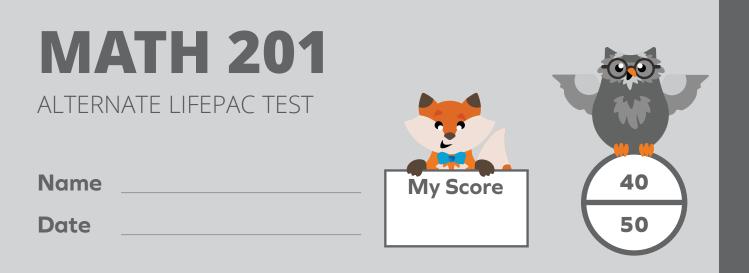
3.7 +

= _ _ + _ = +/-+= = + _ + _ = = + _

_



- **.11** 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20 38, 39, 40, 42, 43, 44 74, 76, 77, 79, 80, 81
- **3.12** 6 + 3 = 9
 - $8 4 \neq 3$ 12 > 11 54 < 56 13 - 7 = 6 4 > 0 $6 + 2 \neq 7$ 81 < 95 3 + 5 > 4 + 226 - 4 < 19 + 8



Each answer = 1 point, except where otherwise noted

1.	Match.			
	thirty-six		•	13
	sixty-three		•	33
	sixty-six		•	63
	thirteen		•	66
	thirty-three		•	36
2.	Write in wor	ds.		
2.		ds.		
2.	11			
2.	11 7			
2.	11 7 56			
2.	11 7 56 30			

3.	Write ad	dition and	subtracti	on facts.		
	7 + 3	8+4	9 + 0	5 + 6	4+3	
	15 - 8	7 - 0	9 - 4	13 - 5	11 - 8	
4.	Circle the 46	e tens' pla 1 3		84		
5.	Write wh 5, 4, 3, _	nat comes	next.			
6.	Add or s 32 + 7	41	4 2 + 3	43 20 + 15 -	75 - 42 -	57

MATH TERMS GLOSSARY

acute angle	. An angle that is less than a right angle or less than 90 degrees.
addend	. A number to be added in an addition problem.
angle	. The distance between two rays or line segments with a common endpoint.
associative property	. No matter how numbers are grouped in addition and multiplication, the answer is always the same.
area	. The measurement of a flat surface. $A = I \times w$ (rectangle); $A = \pi r^2$ (circle); $A = \frac{1}{2}b \times h$ (triangle).
average	. The total of a group divided by the number in the group.
bar graph	. A graph that uses bars to show data.
base (1)	. The bottom part of a geometric figure on which the figure rests.
base (2)	. The number used as a factor in exponential notation.
cancelling	. Simplifying a problem in multiplication or division of fractions within the problem.
cardinal numbers	. Numbers used for counting. 1, 2, 3, 4
Celsius	. Metric unit of measurement for temperature. Freezing, 0° C. Boiling, 100° C.
chart	. An arrangement of data in a logical order.
circle	. A continuous closed line always the same distance from a center point.
	. A circular graph that always represents the whole of the data.
circumference	. The distance around (perimeter) a circle. $C = 2\pi r$ or $C = \pi d$
common denominator	. Fractions must have the same or common denominator to be added or subtracted.
compass	. An instrument having two hinged legs used for drawing circles, curved lines, and measuring distances.
composite number	. A number that can be divided by 1, by itself, and other numbers.